BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. BANGOR, ME., THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 18, 1878. VOLUME XLV.--NUMBER 91.

BANGOR

Daily Whig and Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS

No. 1, Kenduskeag Bridge

BY

BOUTELLE & BURR.

A. BOUTELLE. BENJ. A. BURR.

TERMS—$8.00 per year; $4.00 for six months; $2.00 for three months. Invariably in advance.

THE BANGOR WEEKLY COURIER

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY,

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Business Cards.

S. C. ADDITON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Attends to all legal business promptly. Merchants' claims collected without the payment of any bonus for the privilege of joining my Collection Bureau. It has been proved that it is the work and not the Bureau that has made the most successful collections. Ten years a faithful collector, with the largest business in that line, gives some knowledge of the people and their ability to pay.

No. 1 Main Street, Bangor.

BROADWAY

Imitation French Kid

[illegible]

PILLSBURY BROTHERS

Hand sewed work for Ladies.

These goods are the most comfortable that are worn. Sole in the Sole to secure the bottoms of the feet. These are a gain.

MUNSON'S

FRENCH KID BUTTON AND SIDE-LACE BOOTS.

All kinds of Gents', Ladies', Misses' and Child ren's Boots and Shoes, selling at

VERY LOW PRICES.

SPRING STYLES

SOFT & STIFF HATS,

in great variety.

F. A. CURTIS,

Kenduskeag Bridge.

Steam Boiler Shop!

THE HINCKLEY & EGERY IRON CO., having resolved the Steam Boiler and Repair business in their Boiler Shop, at the Corner of Washington and Oak Streets, Bangor, they are now prepared to fill all orders for new work and repairs in that line, by competent workmen, with dispatch and at lowest prices. Orders respectfully solicited.

Also on hand and for sale at lowest prices, new and second hand Steam Engines, and Sise and Upright Steam Boilers.

Bangor, Maine, Jan 25, 1878

WAR OF 1812.

Pensions! Pensions.

A law has just passed giving a Pension of $8 per year to all Soldiers of the War of 1812 who served 14 days, or were in any engagement, and their widows, also, are entitled to the same pension, regardless of the date of their marriage. I am authorized to obtain these pensions for all who are entitled.

Application can be made to me in person at my office in Bangor, or by letter. The earlier the application the better for the applicant.

I have all the rolls and records of every soldier of the war, with their names in alphabetical order so that every soldier's services can be readily ascertained.

No other person in Maine has these records, and C. P. Brown, Esq.

Don't entrust your claims to unreliable and inexperienced hands.

A. J. CHAPMAN,

U. S. War Claim Agent.

Bangor, March 11, 1878.

HOUSE PAINTING,

SIGN PAINTING,

FRESCO PAINTING,

in the best style and at the lowest prices, by

MARSTON & CORHAM

No. 14, (Ground Floor) East Market Sq.,

THE

Gem Musical Library

A set of 21 fine Collections of Bound Music each of which has 200 pages, full Sheet Music Size, and contains an average of 25 Songs or Pieces, all of the best and most pleasing character. The Composers are the most popular and successful ones in the country. The following are favorite Collections:

FAIRY FINGERS. By Julius Becht, containing 50 charming and easy Waltzes, Schottisches, Polkas, &c.

PEARL DROPS. Contains 25 fine and easy Piano pieces by E. Abt, Coote, Hinds, &c. Capital for learners.

BRILLIANT GEMS. Fine selection of piano pieces of medium difficulty, by Kuehner, Allard, Kinkel and others.

PLEASANT MEMORIES. Contains a variety of piano music, of moderate difficulty, and by 14 different composers.

FIRESIDE ECHOES. A collection of capital songs and choruses by 16 of the best composers.

Price of each book, $1.00 Boards; $2.00 Cloth.

Send for Circulars with Contents of all books.

A most attractive Song is, "I'll be watching for you at the Window" by C. M. Pyke. 40 cts. It has a fine picture title, as has G. D. Wilson's new Pol. ka, Rosalie, called "Dancing on the green." (60 cts.) which is gaining a deserved popularity.

OLIVER DITSON & CO.,

BOSTON.

C. H. Ditson & Co., 843 Broadway, New York. J. E. Ditson & Co., Successors to Lee & Walker, Phila.

KNOX HOTEL,

Main Street, Thomaston, Me.

WM. E. BICKFORD, Proprietor.

Respectfully announces the above Hotel having been thoroughly RENOVATED, REMODELED, FURNISHED, is now open for permanent and transient guests.

No pains will be spared conducive to the comfort and convenience of its patrons.

Commodious Sample Rooms for the accommodation of COMMERCIAL AGENTS.

Coaches leave this House for all passenger trains. Also daily lines of Stages to the surrounding country.

A First-Class Livery Stable connected with the House.

WE OFFER

A STORE FULL of BARGAINS, among which are some NEW, DESIRABLE goods for Ladies' wear.

French Kid Side Lace Boots, $4.50, former price 5.00.

French Kid Button Boots, 4.00, former price 5.00.

Im. French Kid Side Lace Boots, 3.00, former price 3.50.

Im. French Kid Button Boots, 3.00, former price 3.50.

Misses' Im. French Kid Side Lace Boots, 2.50, former price 3.00.

The above are CUSTOM MADE and WARRANTED and are SPLENDID FITTING. We have a FULL STOCK of Boots and Shoes of all grades which we shall sell at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

SPRING STYLE HATS.

A large and complete line of Men's Boys' and Children's Hats, in all the new and nobby styles.

Gent's Resorte Hats,

Young Men's Derby Hats,

Children's Stiff Hats.

Don't buy your Boots and Hats until you have seen OUR goods and got the PRICES, which cannot be beaten.

BUZZELL & SPAN...

CHOICE

Maple Syrup

AT

FRED T. HALL & CO'S,

28 Central Street.

Special Bargains.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN FLOUR,

At J. H. SNOW'S,

25 West Market Square, Old Store of Snow & Nealley.

Send for our NEW CATALOGUE of [illegible]

Complete, with cuts and prices of all latest and best styles.

HILL, CLARKE & CO.,

121 Milk Street, Boston, Mass.

1812.

Congress has just passed a law giving a Pension of $8 per month to all Soldiers of the War of 1812 who served 14 days or were in battle—and the same pension to the widows of all such soldiers. This enables all to a pension who have received Land Warrants.

All desiring the pension can obtain it, by applying to me in person at my office, or by letter.

I have all the old Rolls, on which to base the muster of all soldiers of the War of 1812, with the place and length of service and date of discharge, and all facts, and I can give full and exact information in every case.

Also a record of most of the Land Warrants granted to these soldiers.

No person, east of Portland, has these rolls, except myself and A. J. Chapman, Esq., of Bangor, —he has equal facilities for obtaining these Pensions. He was formerly a clerk in my office.

C. P. BROWN,

BANGOR.

N. B.—All who desire their pensions early must apply early.

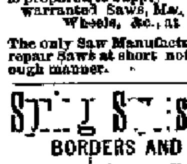
Bangor, March 11, 1878.

JERSEY MILK.

The subscriber has for the past five years supplied some of his neighbors with first-quality milk. The demand has of late so much increased that he has decided to enlarge his trade by putting on a team, and will take a few more customers who would like pure milk from Jersey Cows. Milk delivered either morning or evening, or both.

Apply to F. H. LOWELL, at Charles Hale & Co.'s, 24 Main St.

WANTED—One or two new milch Jersey cows.



M. SCHWARTZ,

143 Exchange St.,

SAW MANUFACTURER

AND MACHINIST,

is prepared to supply, in want of the very best warranted Saws, &c., Belting, Emory Wheels, &c., at the lowest prices.

The only Saw Manufacturer in the State that can repair Saws at short notice and in the most thorough manner.

[illegible]

BORDERS AND PAPER SHADES.

A large and unusually handsome lot at lowest prices.

CHAS. HIGHT'S,

3 Smith's Block.

[illegible]

A PROFIT!

BUT BUY YOUR

Driving Boots and Shoes

Of the Man who Manufactures them

AND

SAVE FIFTY CENTS A PAIR.

WE MEAN IT.

E. A. BUCK & CO.

Corner State & Exchange Sts.

Bring in your Boots and Rubbers and have them mended.

OMNIBUS LINE

FOR SALE.

We will sell our Omnibus Line, including two Busses for summer use and one for winter use, together with the horses now running on same, and all the necessary harnesses, rigging, &c., pertaining thereto at a good bargain to the right parties if applied for soon. This is a good opportunity for the right kind of a man to obtain a good steady business that pays well.

J. H. ROBINSON & CO.

[illegible]

CHEAP FOR CASH,

CALL AT

MAYO & APPLETON'S,

36 CENTRAL ST.

BUCKSPORT MARINE RAILWAY

L. E. PRATT, Proprietor.

Reduced Rates.

TERMS FOR HAULING OUT & LAY DAYS.

For vessels of 100 tons and upwards, 10 cents per ton for hauling out; 5 cents per ton for each lay day for four days.

All under 100 tons $10.00 for Hauling out, 4 cts. per ton for each lay day for four days.

No charge for first day in any case.

The management of the Railway has been placed in charge of WM. BEAZLEY & CO., who are practical Carpenters and Caulkers, are prepared to do repairing of all kinds. All work warranted to give satisfaction and be promptly and faithfully done.

Bucksport, April 2, 1878. L. E. PRATT.

Some and Some...

Tomatoes 10 cents per Can.

Corn 12 cents per Can.

Peaches 15 cents per Can.

New Loose Muscatel Raisins, 8 cents per pound.

New Valencia Raisins 7 cents per pound.

CHINA TEA CO.

35 Main St.

SWEET NAVY Chewing Tobacco — JACKSON'S BEST

Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for fine chewing qualities and excellence and lasting character of sweetening and flavoring. The best tobacco ever made. As our blue strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that Jackson's Best is on every plug. Sold by all dealers.

PLIMPTON, FISK & CO.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Woolens, Silks,

MILLINERY,

AND

STRAW GOODS

23 Summer & 92 Hawley Sts.,

BOSTON.

We would call the attention of MILLINERS to an inspection of our stock, as being the largest and most complete to be found in New England. All orders will receive careful and prompt attention.

COPARTNERSHIP.

BANGOR, Me., April 1st, 1878.

We, the undersigned, have this day entered into copartnership, the firm name to be known as

T. E. SAVAGE & CO.,

for the purpose of continuing the GROCERY business, at No. 10 West Market Square.

T. E. SAVAGE.

W. L. SAVAGE.

Fairbanks, Brown & Co.

REMOVED

TO THE

NEW AND ELIGIBLE STORE,

83 MILK STREET,

Corner of Congress Street,

POST OFFICE SQUARE,

With additional facilities, they solicit the continuance of the generous patronage of the public.

FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES,

IN EVERY VARIETY,

OF THE BEST POSSIBLE QUALITY,

And with the Latest and most Valuable improvements.

83 Milk Street, Post Office Square,

BOSTON.

SOLUBLE

Pacific Guano.

A NO. 1 FERTILIZER.

It is Prompt, Active and Reliable. Ten years successful use has shown it to be of the very highest quality. Price moderate. We claim for it the greatest benefit to the consumers from the smallest outlay. For sale in Bangor, by

PRESCOTT & ALLEN,

Seed Store,

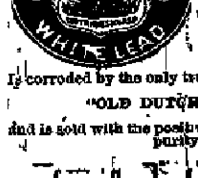
No. 21 Broad St. and 9 Pickering Square.

GRASS, FIELD & GARDEN SEEDS.

Cameron's Plow, Pettingill's Side Hill Plow, Wood's Mowing Machine, Farmers' Horse Rakes, Plow Castings, Farming Implements, Lime, Hair, Plaster, &c. &c.

PRESCOTT & ALLEN,

No. 21 Broad St. and 9 Pickering Square, BANGOR, MAINE.



THE

PHOENIX

BRAND

PURE

WHITE LEAD

is corroded by the only true method known as the

"OLD DUTCH PROCESS,"

and is sold with the positive assurance of absolute purity by

[illegible]

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL, &c.,

BANGOR.

from Vol. 1 to 67 inclusive,

by E. M. PLAISTED and I. K. APPLETON. Subscriptions received by

D. BUGBEE & CO.

F. J. C. FERGUSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

No. 8 Wheelwright & Clark's Block, Bangor, Me. Faithful attention to rents and collections.

NOTICE.

The subscriber gives notice that he has resumed his former business of "BUILDING MOVING" in all its branches, and will be happy to meet the wants of his former customers.

ELIJAH LOW.

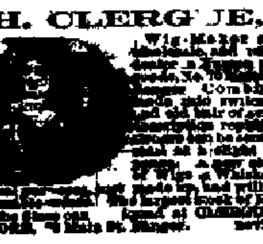
FOR SALE.

The homestead of the late Joshua Hill, Esq., situated within 40 rods of the Post Office, Town House, and Telegraph Offices, at Hampden Lower Corner.

The place contains about 20 acres of good land, divided into orchard, tillage, mowing, pasture and wood lots. The buildings of moderate construction, and in good repair. The house has two brick chimneys, is situated in a pleasant grove of fruit and ornamental trees. It is one of the best locations in the country. Besides a choice variety of small fruits and plants, grapes, cherries, &c. Produce from three to four hundred bushels of choice apples annually, and is gaining. Terms easy and title unquestionable.

For further particulars inquire of DAVID HILL, Esq., at Hampden, Lower Corner, or of MRS. HILL, on the premises.

J. H. CLERGUE,



OUR

NEW CARPETS

HAVE COME!

We invite the attention of purchasers to our large stock of

BODY BRUSSELS,

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS,

KIDDERMINSTER,

AND INGRAIN

CARPETINGS,

Embracing all the Novelties of the Season, which for quality and colorings are not excelled anywhere, and the prices we guarantee to be as low as are offered in the Bangor market.

—ALSO—

[illegible]

MATTINGS, ALL QUALITIES,

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

LINOLEUM in New Designs, with Borders,

All at lowest market prices.

Please call and examine our Stock.

[illegible] Rogers & Son,

NO. 7 MAIN ST.

A CHAPTER

ON

Furniture Repairing.

Sec. 1. It can be done.

Sec. 2. It needs to be done.

Sec. 3. It pays to do it.

Sec. 4. It is a trade which it takes years to learn.

Conclusion. If you want health, comfort, peace of mind, and quiet slumber, have your bedsteads, Sofas, Lounges, Chairs, &c., newly upholstered by

HENRY S. BROWN.

16 State street.

FILES—FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME

to sharpen up and get ready for business. I have on hand

1000 Dozen Files

and am finishing out 100 dozen per week, which I am selling at

The Lowest Prices,

and will warrant them equal to any imported.

Old Files Re-Cut, as usual.

[illegible] COLLETT, - - - Exchange St.

FOR SALE.

One New Two or Three Horse Concord Stage Wagon.

Built to order by Abbott Downing & Co. Will be sold at a great Bargain. Also one good lay Hack.

L. NICHOLS.

Bangor, April 1, 1878.

SALEM LEAD COMPANY.

Warranted PURE WHITE LEAD.—Well known throughout New England as the WHITEST, FINEST and BEST.

LEAD TAPE, 3-8 in wide, on reels for Curtain Sticks.

LEAD RIBBON, from 2 1-2 to 8 inches wide, on reels for Builders.

LEAD PIPE, of any size or thickness.

At lowest market prices for goods of equal quality.

FRANCIS BROWN, Treasurer, Salem, Mass.

For Sale.

One Set Double Sleds, nearly new.

One Set Single Sleds, with express box.

One Express Wagon.

One Winter Pung.

by H. J. STEVENS.

DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the name of A. J. DURGIN, FARRINGTON & CO., is dissolved by mutual consent.

Brewer, April 16, 1878. I. M. SAUNDERS.

Sweets.

PEARL & WEBB,

Real Estate Brokers, Auctioneers

AND GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS,

14 West Market Square.

Care taken of Real Estate. Mortgages and Notes Negotiated.

FOR SALE.

The School-house building or building land lots as may be desired, situated on the corner of Harlow and Spring streets. Also a lot of very desirable old-fashioned house furniture, chairs, &c.

The buildings can be made into a very pretty and convenient dwelling house at small expense.

For particulars apply to PEARL & WEBB.

For Sale or Exchange.

Very desirable property situated in Milo village. Also 101 acres of land one mile from same. Will exchange for city property.

Apply to PEARL & WEBB.

For Rent.

A very desirable residence situated on Broadway, near State Street, within five minutes walk of Post Office.

For particulars apply to PEARL & WEBB, 25 West Market Square.

PORTER NEALLEY,

Real Estate Broker,

AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANT,

25 and 26 West Market Square, BANGOR, MAINE.

EDWARD LEAVITT,

COMMISSION MERCHANT & [illegible]

No 12 Central St.

J. B. FOSTER,

AUCTIONEER,

AND

Commission Merchant

No 6, Foster & Bragg's Block, PICKERING SQUARE.

Real Estate.

Houses for Sale or Rent.

Three Single Tenement Houses pleasantly located and in good repair and condition, now vacant or soon to be, will be sold or rented at a low rate if applied for soon.

GEO. W. LADD, Prentiss Block.

TO LET.

A desirable Tenement of six rooms with conveniences. Inquire of SAMUEL CLEMENT, No. 9 Cedar Street.

FARM FOR SALE.

A good Farm, at Dedham, 11 miles from Bangor, 115 acres land, cuts 20 to 25 tons hay, good tillage and pasture, good Lumber and Wood lot. Horses and two barns. Farming Tools and Stock if desired. Terms easy. W. L. PARKER, Dedham, Maine.

In quire at Exchange St. PARKER & PEAKES.

FOR SALE.

Desirable and Elegant Hotel and Livery Property for Sale.

Business interests in the West requiring my immediate personal attention, I offer my Hotel Property, the SHAKESPEARE HOUSE, in Sebraport, for sale. This House is widely and favorably known as being one of the best and most desirable hotels in New England.

It will be sold together or separately as desired. Shall sell on or before May 1st, next.

W. H. MATHEWS.

Sebraport, March 8, 1878.

FOR RENT.

Tenement No. 20, Cedar, corner of Sixth Street. Pleasantly situated, with Gas, Holly Water, &c.

Tenement No. 31, Fourth, corner of Cedar St., with large lot and small Stable.

Brick Tenement, Lincoln Street.

Apply at Prescott's Real Estate Agency, No. 14 Central Street. R. S. PRESCOTT.

April 10, 1878.

FOR SALE.

The new and desirable house, No. 47 Court Street, residence of the late E. H. Boardman.

This house is fitted with all the modern conveniences including furnace, gas, hot and cold water and bath room.

Apply on the premises between the hours of 3 and 5 P. M., to F. T. BOARDMAN, Adm'x.

[illegible]

FOR SALE OR RENT.

The Wharf and Lot owned by the heirs of the late Geo. Thomas, laid out for several years past, leased to the "Sanford Steamship Company."

If not sold within the present month, the property will be for Rent.

Inquire of JOHN BRIGHT.

Bangor, April 1, 1878.

For Sale, or to Let.

House on Dow Street, Fourth of the Common, on reasonable terms. Apply to SIMON TREHEY or A. GAMMONS.

Tenements for Rent.

No. 45 Cedar street; also No. 15 Fourth St. Possession given immediately.

JOHN F. DAVIS, Corner Main and Davis Sts.

For Sale.

A good House on Elm and Stable and Lot on Ohio Street. For 1 ice see FOREST NEALLEY.

For Rent.

Room in "Hatch Block," Main St. FRED A. HATCH.

For Sale.

A nice little House, Ell and Stable, with three-fourths of an acre of land, on Webster Street. For particulars inquire of 26 and 28 West Market Square.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE PROPERTY

Situated on the corner of Cumberland and Union Streets, Portland, Me., consisting of two Stores and a Dwelling House. A most desirable stand for a Family Grocery. Rents for about $500 per year. Will be sold with or without the stock.

Inquire of D. C. GOULD, at No. 12 Exchange St.

For Rent.

The shop occupied by Maxston & Jones for the last twenty years at Sign and Ornamental Paint shop. Inquire of D. C. GOULD, at No. 122 Exchange St.

For Sale or Rent.

The York Street House. In good repair. Inquire of E. B. WILLIAMS, 58 Main Street.

For Rent.

Two tenements in good repair on State St. Apply to MRS. SUSAN J. LEIGHTON, 50 Pickering Street.

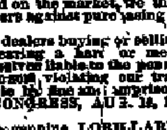
For Sale or Rent.

Brick House 100 Court Street. Eleven good rooms newly papered and painted, with fine stable, and Garden. Will also rent. A good building lot. If not sold soon will be rented. Apply to JOHN PAYNE.

NOTICE

TO CONSUMERS

—OF—



The great celebrity of our TIN TAG TOBACCO has caused many imitations thereof to be placed on the market, we therefore caution all chewers against purchasing such imitations.

All dealers buying or selling other plug tobacco bearing a hard or metallic label, render themselves liable to the penalty of the Law, and all persons violating our trade marks are punishable by fine and imprisonment. SEE ACT OF CONGRESS, AUG. 14, 1876.

The genuine LORILLARD TIN TAG TOBACCO can be distinguished by a TIN TAG on each lump with the word LORILLARD stamped thereon.

Over 7,088 tons tobacco sold in 1877, and nearly 3,000 persons employed in factories.

Taxes paid Government in 1877 about $3,500,000, and during past 12 years, over $20,000,000.

These goods sold by all jobbers at manufacturers' rates.

WOLFE & FOSTER,

Lumber Commission Merchants,

No. 7 Doane St., Boston, Mass.

Refer by permission to Phillips & Whitney Bros., Foote & Kelley & Co., Lewis & Hall, Bangor; Francis Bartlett, Waltham.

Consignments solicited.

Improve Your Stock.

FOR SALE. The Thoroughbred Stallion WINNIE MCDONALD, four years old. Sired by Robert McDonald, dam Flora Temple.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the name of WISWELL & DUNBAR is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Bangor, April 9, 1878. J. WISWELL. ROBERT DUNBAR.

Whig and Courier.

Daily Established 1834—Weekly, 1831

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

For one square (one inch in space) one insertion $1.00 [remaining rate lines illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$2.00 per square for first week—$1.50 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

All advertisements continued three times a week at two-thirds price; two times a week, one-half price; one time a week, one-third price.

Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices," 10 cents per line, each insertion, for solid matter, and is considered equal to leaded.

POTATOES—WHAT SHALL WE PLANT?

Mr. Editor:—Having experimented with many varieties of potatoes for the last thirty-five years, I feel somewhat prepared to offer a few suggestions in relation to some of the different sorts, and which are best for present cultivation, for home use and the market. In some respects potatoes are like the human species. Some families are feeble and short lived. Others seem healthy while young, but die early. Again some are prolific; the Irish race, proverbially so. Others in the opposite extreme.

Potatoes show all these different conditions precisely. I proved this fact in the following manner. Some ten years ago I commenced to collect all the different varieties I could hear of. Getting some thirty or forty sorts I commenced to exhibit them at the Agricultural Fairs every autumn. I found here the passage of Scripture, "To him that hath shall be given," literally verified.

People coming along to see them would say, "Well, where did you get so many kinds of potatoes?" Now I have a very wonderful kind which I want you to have. In a few years my variety ran up to 100 and 140 different sorts. At a State Fair in Bangor, I competed successfully with the State College and got the first premium of $6.00. The wonder was how I could keep so many different varieties separate. I planted one hill of each kind and labeled it plainly. The potatoes were all put in one row, each hill being prepared exactly alike and receiving the same cultivation during the season. At harvesting the best potato was taken from each hill and carefully labeled with name written on a strip of paper and pasted on; then I was prepared for the show. Did the premium pay? Of course not. But I have received full pay in another way. I found on digging these potatoes that some sorts yielded heavily every year. The next question: are they good table potatoes and hardy? will they sell well in the market? These questions being decided in the affirmative then immediately commenced to cultivate them as a principal crop. About five years ago I found in my variety two sorts which answered all these conditions and, yielding a double crop side by side with the old sorts, (Early Rose and Jacksons.) I am firmly convinced from this series of experiments that the best potatoes to plant this year for the market and other purposes are Late Rose and Granite State. The Late Rose resembles very closely the Early Rose, grows larger and less small potatoes, is a table potato. It has more character than the early sorts and holds out longer in the spring. It comes forward very rapidly when planted and is about ten to fifteen days later in ripening. There are kindly, prolific, safe. Late Rose, which are spreading, and very poor potatoes, which should be carefully rejected.

The Granite States are a very white potato inside and out; resemble the Jacksons and grow but very few knobs; so that a load of them readily commands the preference in market. They are a much better table potato than the Orenos and ripen about the same time. They germinate quicker when planted, and are very hardy. These two varieties are now pretty generally planted in this vicinity as a principal crop.

Even the most skeptical got converted one year ago and planted them. They have sold readily at my cellar for the last three years at an advance over Bangor prices, and I understand they (the Granite States) sell in Bangor now, at nearly double the price of Jacksons.

I have no axe to grind, but simply the truth to tell, in regard to these potatoes; and the facts I have produced for the success of farmers in this vicinity.

I speak in the interest of the farmers of this State, and since potatoes are so largely an article of export with us, it becomes a question of importance to propagate only the best kinds.

But before closing I wish to notice, in brief, a few of the standard varieties of the past forty years. The "Old Chenango" is the first potato of which I remember, and was raised largely in Waldo County, for shipping purposes. This was a really splendid potato, thin skinned and very fine grained—a beautiful table potato. The great potato disease of thirty-five years ago nearly exterminated them. They would not stand the disease then, nor will they now, as we have proved in our experiments.

The Blue Christie seemed to be the only potato that could be cultivated for the next ten years. They would fairly defy the great disease but of such potatoes! tough skinned, hard and soggy; yet it was the best I could do and some people could not give them up as an article of food. The White Christie varies much from the Blue. The Oregon Red came next, something like the Christie yet an improvement. The Sebec Early was a large producing potato for an early one and of very good quality yet tender as against the disease.

The old-fashioned Jacksons were a new dispensation to the farmers. They were a fine grained and hardy potato and quite productive for an early potato. Soon came the Oreno as much more prolific and not as good table potato which rapidly drove out the Jacksons and took their name!

It would be almost impossible to find a real Jackson now.

The next real acquisition appeared in the Early Rose. This is really an excellent potato, yet unless dressed highly they grow very small.

I have no doubt that the Late Rose is a branch of the Early Rose family as it is impossible to tell the difference, except in size.

I have experimented considerably with seedlings, but find it rather an up hill business for a poor man. The chances are not one in a thousand to get one worthy of cultivation.

I once raised a seedling which produced wonderfully for a few years, and then entirely dropped out.

I cannot advise farmers to try to raise seedlings, for most likely your time and trouble will be lost. C. C.

Kenduskeag.

THE OLDTOWN CRUSADE.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE OFFICERS.

OLDTOWN, April 15th, 1878.

Sisters of the Crusade:

April seventh we closed our fourth year of toil and labor and commenced on a fifth.

We have this year passed under many dark clouds and over many rough ways. Have sometimes sunk deep into the slough of despond, and it has even seemed at times that heart and strength would fail, and the proud waters go over our soul—still, so we have cause at this hour to take the cup of salvation and call on the name of the Lord, for He has done great things for us whereof we are glad.

We may not in this report enumerate our obstacles and discouragements, many of them are well known; some perhaps too well known already. We would learn to cast all our cares on Him who careth for us, and bring our trials to Him who's ear is ever open to the complaints of His children, and surely never did, and never will an individual, or an organization undertake to wage aggressive warfare against an existing evil, and find it a mere calm delight, or holiday entertainment. All who are sincere in enlisting in the temperance cause, are prepared to endure labor, sacrifice, even peril and persecution as necessities of a conflict with evil. No one denies the blessing of temperance or the curse of intemperance, but scarce any two are agreed in adopting any special method of promoting the one or destroying the other.

The institution of the crusade came in no way as a plan of policy but as an inspiration—a Blessing that fell on the earth out of the sky, and thank God still remains as a light in the world, and we trust ever will, till the darkness shall flee away. Our special work of prayer and persuasion—the call that stands in the open door of Providence and says, "whosoever will may come"; this work has been kept alive untiringly in Oldtown by a few loyal to the impulse and conviction that three years ago kindled in their hearts by fire from heaven.

All the regular meetings of the Crusade have been sustained this year without an omission. The Monday evening public meetings have never missed a session, and the attendance has been fuller, more constant and certain than ever before. It has been attended especially by a large number of young men and boys, and though we have had constantly to regret, we had not more entertainment, instruction and encouragement for them, their interest in coming has never abated, and we trust a good influence has been given, from of whom a number of names have been added to our already full pledge, from all of whom we demand constancy to the obligation they have given us, while we in our part pledge to aid them with our prayers and friendship. We have furnished a number of able and interesting lecture and large mass meetings in the Town Hall, which we believe have not been wanting in benefit to our whole own. Indeed we believe that the work of the Crusade though it may have not been considered humble and of little consequence has had material influence in promoting physical comfort, good order and raising the scale of intelligence, morals and religion in Oldtown. In prosecuting this work we have to acknowledge many kind favors. During the past year the Town has been liberal in furnishing a Hall for public meetings. The clergymen have always shown cordial kindness in giving our own notices. Our prayer meetings were very much aided by the presence of Rev. Mr. Thomas of the Congregational church and Rev. Mr. Brown of the Methodist church during all the time they were in town, and it is with grateful obligation, that we mourn the death of the latter friend and helper of our cause. Rev. Mr. Smith, pastor of the Universalist church, has since his coming in town, given us the right hand of a brother for efficient service. The Eastern Temple of Honor have shown great kindness in offering the free use of their Hall for our Monday evening meetings during the coming year. And we have especially to return thanks for this universal and most liberal response of our people in making our Anniversary Festival just held a success for mutual enjoyment, encouragement and substantial help. For the same service, and for many kind tokens of sympathy and aid, we have to acknowledge our indebtedness to the Bangor Crusade and Reform Club; also to the St. John's Total Abstinence Society for their presence and assistance in our Anniversary Festival.

And now, as our year closes, crowned with blessing, going forward to another of prayer, anxiety and labor, we thank God and take courage.

Respectfully submitted,

By order of Executive Committee.

M. L. HOSKINS, Pres't.

Vice Pres't.—M. C. SMITH.

Sec'y—M. A. MITCHELL.

Treas.—E. J. BRAGDON.

STATE NEWS.

Androscoggin.

A wary policeman at Lewiston, saw a suspicious-looking box, among the packages of the Merchants' express. He took it up and upon shaking it a suspicious rattling sound was heard. The box was addressed to a prominent firm in that city, but the officer knew that the tricks of the rum-seller were various, and confiscated the package. He took it to the police station, nervously pried off the cover and discovered—several dozen Bibles.

About 6 o'clock Monday morning an alarm of fire was sounded at R. C. Pingree & Co.'s saw mill, at Lewiston, proceeding from the roof of one of Messrs. Newman & Lara's ice houses a few hundred feet south-west of the mill. A stream was at once started from the force pumps of the saw mill and the fire soon extinguished after a little daylight had been let through the roof. It is supposed the fire caught from sparks from the steam mill chimney. The fire department were promptly on hand, but fortunately not needed.

vices were not required. Mr. Lara happened to be at work near the ice-house at the time of the alarm, and promptly took measures to give the hay over the ice a thorough drenching.

Aroostook.

The mud is so deep at the depot in Houlton, that wheels sink to the hubs, and four horses are required on the coaches to take passengers to and from the station. Those who venture into the country are thankful to get back alive.

Cumberland.

The Argus says that the sexton of the Congregational church in Gray, Sunday evening, had lighted all but one of the kerosene lamps in the large chandelier, suspended in the centre of the audience room, when suddenly the iron rod gave way, and the chandelier fell to the floor with a crash, broken glass and blazing oil flying in all directions. There were a few persons in the church by whose efforts and those of the sexton the flames were extinguished; but not before between $300 and $400 worth of damage had been done to the pews, cushions, &c.

Hancock.

Mr. Clinton A. Woodbury, one of the editors of the Somerset Reporter, has received a call from the Hancock Publishing Co. to run the Ellsworth paper, and has accepted.

Kennebec.

The Gardiner Reporter says that business is excellent at the paper mill of Hollingsworth & Whitney, in that city. They have a fine mill with all the modern improvements. It is understood that the firm is negotiating for the purchase of the Copsecook paper mill.

Virgil A. Hewes, Esq., formerly an active politician and influential citizen of Augusta, died in Hyde Park, Mass., on Sunday last, at the age of about seventy-six years. His remains will be taken to Augusta for interment, and he will be buried with Masonic honors.

Lumbering at the head waters of the Kennebec and tributaries has been good the past winter, and if favorable weather follows for getting out the drives of logs, the mills along the river will soon be buzzing. There has not been a sufficient rise of water to start the logs out of the smaller streams, unless the recent rise was sufficient. Probably the large mills will not start much before June.

Waldo.

A fire in Belfast Friday morning destroyed an old store on Main street next the shoe factory, owned by Mrs. McKeen. This is the second fire lately, the building had been set on fire. Loss small; no insurance.

The post office in Belfast was entered Thursday night by breaking in the door, and the contents of the money drawer, some $15 or $20 stolen.

Washington.

Last Friday morning as Mr. E. Vose, the keeper of the jail at Machias, was going his rounds, Moses Barsley who was serving an alarm, he sentence after running away from the Reform School struck him on the back of the head stunning him severely, then, with the assistance of a fellow named Knight they locked him into a cell. The door leading to the jail was locked inside so that no one could get in. An alarm was raised and an excited crowd soon assembled with shooting irons. Soon however, Chas Handy, a former employee, found a key and opened the door, at which those engaged fled to their cells. The ringleaders soon found themselves in separate dungeons.

OPENING

AT THE

[illegible]

STORE.

New Spring Dress Goods, New Cambrics, New Spring Prints, Cheap, price from 5 to 7 cents.—Beautiful Styles.

All our best Trefousse Kids marked down to $1.50 per pair. Splendid line of colors, in Browns, Modes and Tinted. The best trade in Kids ever sold in this city.

We shall sell 50 dozen Gents' Fine Shirts at $1. The same Shirt we have been selling for $1.50. You have only to see them to know they are a bargain.

A lot of Unlaundered Shirts for 37 1-2c, 62 1-2, 85 and $1.00.

[illegible] Hicks & Co.

NO. 9 MAIN ST.

Bangor, April 1, 1878.

50 BOXES

Oranges and Lemons

just received and will be sold low by

HOBSON & FARRINGTON,

126 Exchange Street

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, EDITOR.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed: "Editor of Whig and Courier."

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 12, 1876.

WHAT DO YOU CALL IT?

Loud calls come from various stalwart organs for a morning edition of the *Traveller*. This is a base attempt to set up a rival to THE BANGOR WHIG, whose able editor, we are glad to see, has recovered his health. The proof of his convalescence appears in his accusing the *Herald* of "moral mendacity," "deliberately fabricating," and a lot of such offences. What, more could a morning edition of the *Traveller* say?—*Boston Herald.*

What less could it say and be truthful? The *Herald* charged Senator Blaine with "a defense of Jay Gould" and declaring that he was "not so black as he is painted," and represented Senator Edmunds as rebuking Mr. Blaine for this language. The *Record* shows that the only eulogy of Jay Gould was uttered by Senator Edmunds himself, and that the *Herald* took the words directly from his mouth and charged them upon Senator Blaine. If that performance could be more fitly characterized by any other words than "cool mendacity" or "deliberately fabricating," we do not know where to find them. And the *Herald* has not even attempted a correction, after exposure has removed all pretext of ignorance. If Senator Blaine *had* used such language as was uttered by Senator Edmunds, glowingly referring to his long acquaintance with Jay Gould as an "amiable and estimable gentleman," who was "not so black as he is painted," and whose continued control of the Pacific Railroad would afford guarantee of the integrity and ability of its management, how the morning, and forenoon, and noon, and afternoon editions of the *Herald* would have teemed with insinuation and abuse. As the facts were the other way, that paper coolly shouldered Mr. Edmunds' talk upon Mr. Blaine and then patted the former on the back. Perhaps the *Herald* will inform us what words it would choose to characterize its own performance.

THE TILTON SENSATION.

AN INTERVIEW WITH MR. BEECHER.

The New York *Times* publishes the following report of an interview with Mr. Beecher, at Waverly, N. Y., Monday evening:

Mr. Beecher lectured in this place this evening. On coming down from the platform he had placed in his hands a telegraphic copy of Mrs Tilton's confession. He read it quietly, and seemed in no wise excited.

In reply to my question what he intended to do, he said, "Nothing at present, except to give it an explicit denial." He seemed to be more sorry for Mrs. Tilton than troubled about himself.

I asked him: 'Do you believe Mrs. Tilton wrote this of her own mind, or was she influenced?' He answered: "I have not spoken with Mrs. Tilton for over two years. I was informed several months ago that influences were being exerted through children and others, to effect a reconciliation with her husband, and that she energetically refused to consider it until he had publicly exonerated her from the charges brought against her. It was only a few weeks ago that the rumor came to me that she was in a morbid and self-condemnatory state of mind."

Question—Has Mrs. Tilton ever intimated a consciousness of guilt before?

Answer—So far from it that it is impossible to conceive. If her present confession is true, of such an elaborate, prolonged, and extraordinary career of falsehood as she must have practiced. Upon her husband's statement of his accusations before the committee of the church she broke away from her husband's house and refused to live with him. She took refuge in the house of a dear friend, to whom she gave in unvarying testimony of her own innocence—the baseness of her husband. She went before the Investigating Committee of Plymouth church, and with wonderful pathos cleared herself of every charge of domestic infidelity, and underwent the closest questioning. She broke friendship with former friends for doubting her statement in this matter. When the case was in the court, after her husband's testimony in the surprise of my counsel and of all her friends, she rose in the court and demanded of the Judge that she be permitted to testify to her innocence. She was examined repeatedly by my counsel and pried with the most searching questions, and by her consistent and explicit testimony satisfied them all of her innocence and won their esteem. When the council of 1876 was called, several interviews were arranged between her and eminent gentlemen, both of the clergy and of the law. In every case she satisfied them of her absolute innocence. Subsequently to that, at an interview arranged for the purpose of giving prominence to her declarations and form to her testimony, which was taken down by a short-hand writer, and which I believe to be still in existence, although I have never seen it, she elaborately and in detail reaffirmed her innocence and mine. These are the most prominent instances of her uniform testimony. It should be borne in mind that she first charged me with this offense to her husband. Upon my visiting her she withdrew it in writing. She subsequently renewed the charge. She then again and indignantly denied it, and left her husband's house, and for four years has continued, in every conceivable form and under the most solemn circumstances, to deny it until now, when once again, for the third time, she renews it. Against this long and torturous career, I oppose my unform and unimpeachable truthfulness.

MRS. TILTON'S EXPLICIT AND SOLEMN DECLARATIONS OF GUILT.

On Thursday, July 23, 1874, Mrs. Tilton, in her statement to the Investigating Committee of Plymouth Church, said:

To pick up anew the sorrows of the last 13 years, the stings and pains I had daily schooled myself to bury and forget, makes this imperative duty, as called forth by the malicious statement of my husband, the saddest act of my life. * * * The reiteration in his statement that he had "persistently striven to hide" these so-called facts is utterly false, as his hatred to Mr. Beecher has existed these many years, and the determination Mr. Beecher to him has been the one aim of his life. * * * Notwithstanding all misrepresentations and anguish of soul, I owe to my acquaintances and friendship with Mr. Beecher, as to no other human instrumentality, that encouragement in my mental life, and that growth toward the divine nature, which enable me to walk daily in a lively hope of the life beyond. * * * The shameless charges in Articles 7, 8, and 9 are fearfully false in each and every particular. The letter referred to in Mr. Tilton's tenth paragraph was obtained from me by importunity, and by representations that it was necessary for him to use in his then pending difficulties with Mr. Bowen. I was then sick, nigh unto death, having suffered a miscarriage only four days before. I signed whatever he required, without knowing or understanding its import. The paper I have never seen and do not know what statements it contained. * * * The implication that the harmony of our home was unbroken till Mr. Beecher entered it as a frequent guest and friend is a lamentable satire upon the household where he is myself, years before, laid the corner stone of free love, and desecrated its altars up to the time of my departure; so that the atmosphere was not only godless but impure for my children.

In summing up the whole matter, I affirm myself before God to be innocent of the crimes laid upon me; that never have I been guilty of adultery with Henry Ward Beecher in thought or deed, nor has he ever offered to me an indecorous or improper proposal. To the further charge that I was led away from home by Mr Beecher's friends, and by the advice of a lawyer whom Mr. Beecher had sent to me, and who, in advance of my appearing before the committee, arranged with me the questions and answers which were, to constitute my testimony in Mr. Beecher's behalf, I answer, that this is again untrue.

ELIZABETH R. TILTON.

Mrs. Tilton's original "retraction" was as follows:

Wearied with importunity, and weakened by sickness, I gave a letter implicating my friend, Henry Ward Beecher, under assurances that that would remove all difficulties between me and my husband. That letter I now revoke. I was persuaded to it—almost forced—when I was in a weakened state of mind. I regret it, and recall all its statements. E. R. TILTON.

I desire to say, explicitly, Mr. Beecher has never offered any improper solicitation, but has always treated me in a manner becoming a Christian and a gentleman.

ELIZABETH R. TILTON.

The following letter, without date, Moulton says was written in the fall of 1872, when the scandal was exciting discussion:

Mr. Moulton:

My Dear Friend.—For my husband's sake and my children's, I hereby testify, with all my woman's soul, that I am innocent of the crime of impure conduct alleged against me. I have been to my husband a true wife.

Toward the close of the trial in Brooklyn, on the 3d of May, just after the Court was opened, Mrs. Tilton surprised everybody by rising and calling Judge Neilson by name, and saying she wished him to read a communication which she sent him. The Judge laid it aside and subsequently returned it to Mrs. Tilton, with a note from the Clerk stating that under the law her testimony could not be admitted. Mrs. Tilton then published the letter which was as follows:

BROOKLYN, May 3d, 1875.

To Judge Neilson: I ask the privilege from you of a few words in my own behalf. I feel very deeply the injustice of my position in the law and before the court now sitting; and while I have understood and respected from the beginning Mr. Evarts' principle in the matter, yet, since your last decision, I have been so sensible of the power of my enemies, that my soul cries out before you, and the gentlemen of the jury, that they beware how, by a divided verdict, they consign to my children a false and irredeemable stain upon their mother.

For five years I have been the victim of circumstances most cruel and unfortunate; struggling from time to time only for a place to live honorably and truthfully. Relieved for some months from it by a sudden and unexpected, but most seasonable termination of my connection with Theodore Tilton, I emerged again and again, I declare to enmity before you without fear of man, and by faith in God, that I am innocent of the crime charged against me. I would like to tell my whole sad story; truthfully to acknowledge the frequent, terrible wrong from me by compulsion, though at the same time unwilling to reveal the secret of my married life, which only the vital importance of my position makes necessary.

I assume the entire responsibility of this request, unknown to friend or counsel of either side, and await your Honor's honorable decision. With great respect,

ELIZABETH R. TILTON.

THE NEW DOORKEEPER.

The new Doorkeeper of the House, the ex-Confederate General Field, has appointed some of the "cripples and disabled" soldiers whom Mr. Frye immortalized in his speech ten days ago, to be his aids-de-camp. "James G. Knight," said Mr. Frye, "was a soldier in 1861, sprained his ankle while drilling, served until 1864 after he had sprained his ankle, is crippled and disabled Democratic soldier." The following is Mr. Knight's account of himself given in his testimony before the Polk Investigating Committee:

"State what was your service in the Union army of the United States during the war of the rebellion."

"I went into the 3d Wisconsin Regiment, one of the first of the three-years regiments that were organized, and I was in the service until January, 1864, pretty nearly four years."

"Were you crippled or disabled by wounds during the war?"

"Not by wounds; I was injured; the ligs, in my legs."

"To what extent?"

"Well, not to any very considerable extent, but to that by spells I am lame."

"How did it happen?"

"By turning my ankle in drilling. It has been swollen ever since."

"Do you consider yourself a disabled soldier?"

"Well I don't know what the definition of it at would be. I considered myself a soldier, and was disabled in the army. Never disabled to the extent of being unfit for ordinary occupation, but so as not to be fit for hard manual work."

"You suffered constantly more or less?"

"Yes sir."

"At times very much?"

"Yes, sir; I have to be very careful about my feet."

"How long did it lay you up?"

"I was laid up then for a few weeks, and it has always been an injury to me since."

"Were you able to walk on it then two or three weeks after the injury?"

"I was able to walk with a lame in that time."

"When was it?"

"In 1861."

"And you served until 1864?"

"Yes, sir, but not on foot—on a horse."

"You were in an infantry regiment?"

"Yes, sir; the 3d Wisconsin."

"How then did you get on a horse?"

"I was made quartermaster of the regiment."

Mr. Knight was placed on the soldiers' roll by Colonel Polk, the late Doorkeeper, and some of the Democrats seem to think, to-day, that no matter what Mr. Knight's merits may be, after all the ridicule they have suffered because of the consideration of the soldiers' roll, the new Doorkeeper, considering the circumstances under which he was appointed, might have saved them a reopening of this case.

We thought so! The brief and delicate card sent out by Mrs. Tilton is but the prelude to a grand Tilconian banquet of filth. During the trial Mrs. Tilton's brother named Richards, persistently asserted her guilt, and she declared that he slandered her. We are now told that he felt very bad to have his veracity assailed by the sister upon whom he sought to fasten disgrace, that he has lost his place in the Custom House, and that his sister has now ordered to make reparation for his troubles by sending him a long "statement" which is soon to be made public, presumably for a handsome price from some newspaper, giving full and interesting details of the criminality with which she has now charged herself! What a brother and sister! One can hardly believe in the actual existence of these people.

The proposed platform which is reported in our despatches to have received the approval of the President, resembles that put forward the other day by *Harper's Weekly*, in that it entirely omits the cardinal principles of the Republican Party viz.: National supremacy and allegiance, and full protection of the equal and political rights of all citizens. Why is it that all the "policy" people so carefully ignore the life and soul of Republicanism?

Whether votes can be gained by compliments the President upon the peaceful condition of things in the Southern States, where the Republican party has become extinct, is a matter for the Republicans of each State to determine for themselves. In Rhode Island the matter was ignored as the shortest way out of the difficulty. —*New Haven Palladium.*

"Perley" telegraphs the Boston *Journal*, which is strongly anti-Beecher, as follows from Washington:

The last chapter in the Beecher scandal has been much discussed at the capital, and the general opinion is that it helps the case of Mr. Beecher, while it reflects additional discredit upon Tilton.

CONKLING INTERVIEWED.

HIS OPINIONS OF THE ADMINISTRATION.

VERY EXPLICIT AND EMPHATIC LANGUAGE.

A portion of the following report of interviews with Senator Conkling was received from New York by Associated Press on Wednesday morning too late for publication in that issue. We present it below with the additional portions received since:

The New York World of Wednesday contains a long and important letter from its Utica, N. Y., correspondent, it being the sum of a series of interviews with Senator Conkling, if the subject may be so called, at intervals during the past few months. The relations between the correspondent and Senator Conkling, the World says, were such as made entire frankness necessary on the part of the latter said, the World adds that, the correspondent's name will be forthcoming if the subject ever occasion for publish ng it should arise. In the interviews the Senator spoke with the utmost freedom about the successive steps that led to the formation of the Electoral Commission, the part had in it by the prominent Democrat and Republican members of Congress and by President Hayes and his friends. In the course of the interview the World correspondent asked:—

Well Senator I would like to know whether you think the true history of the Louisiana Electoral business will ever be told in Congress and I so how soon?

Mr. Conkling paused a moment then he began very slowly warming up with the subject as he proceeded. Yes, I think it will. I do not see how it can be kept down. No reasonable man can doubt that there was some kind of a bargain between the friends of Nicholls and that Hayes and that Stanley Matthews and Sherman were privy to it. I cannot say how soon the facts will come out for something may occur any day to force them to the surface. It will probably be best to let them come out naturally.

What will be the result?

The result will be that the whole country will be appalled by the dishonor of this administration. I tell you, sir, that never in the history of this nation has there been in the entire four years of an administration so much of corruption, bartering of offices, rewarding of political leaders, and bargains and sale of the Electoral franchise as during this past year. The people will be astounded when the truth comes out hereafter. The people say Hayes is a good man and means well, but they do not know what they are talking about. When all the facts are known about the administration no one will attempt to excuse the man on account of his supposed goodness, nor on the ground that he is weak and ignorant. The acts that have disgraced this administration have all been done before the opened eyes of the President. Conkling goes on to review at great length the history of the Electoral Commission and he says that the country was in actual danger. The point of peril was not in the South, but in the West. It was understood that the Republican leaders had determined to have Vice President Ferry count the votes at all hazards and declare Hayes elected and the West was determined on resistance. General Steedman had 70,000 men enrolled and assigned to regiments for the purpose of seating Tilden in office in case Vice President Ferry carried out his programme. President Grant was at his wits end. He confessed to me that he did not know what to do. He was gathering some troops at, or near Washington, but he did not know how far he could depend on them. General Sherman felt the imminence of trouble the sympathies of a large majority of the officers and soldiers of the regular army would be with Tilden, and the army must not be taken into consideration as a dependance in any such crisis. From these facts and from what was threatened and prophesied publicly in those days, you can imagine how gloomy the outlook was at the Republican councils. The President asked my advice and I frankly told him I did not believe Vice President Ferry, had any power to declare the vote, but could merely act in a clerical capacity to open the envelopes and lay the votes of the Electoral College before the Joint Convention of the two Houses for their action and, by the way, I may as well state here that when a certain Senator came to me and said it was proposed to make me President of the Senate in Mr. Ferry's place, so the thing should not miss fire, I frankly told him that I could not accept the position and that by my interpretation of the constitution I should be compelled to rule it null and void

Whig and Courier.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 17, 1878.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

THE GOOD TEMPLARS.

Officers for 1878.

SACO, March 17. The Grand Lodge of Good Templars at a meeting held, this afternoon elected the following officers: Grand Worthy Chief Templar, Andrew J. Chase; G. W. C., L. W. Starbird, Dumont; G. W. V. G., Isabel Hodgdon, Saco; G. W. Sec'y, Geo. E. Brackett, Belfast; G. W. Chaplain, Rev. O. M. Cousens, North Conway, N. H.; G. W. M., S. P. Kaler, Waldoboro; Superintendent Juvenile Temples, Mrs. C. H. Fitzgerald, Brunswick; Representatives to the Right Worthy Grand Lodge, Geo. W. Payson, A. J. Chase, H. A. Shorey.

There were one hundred and thirty nine delegates present. The Secretary's report shows the number of lodges in the State to be 230; membership 17,000. Since last October sixty-eight lodges with 4000 members have been instituted. There are now eleven Juvenile Templers with 9000 members. This afternoon the officers elected were installed by H. D. Shorey P. G. W. Chief Templar. A large public meeting was held this evening closing the exercises. The next meeting of the Grand Lodge will be held at Newport.

FROM SACO.

Coroner's Verdict.

SACO, April 17. The Coroner's Jury in the Vincent murder case have only just reported: They find that Rose Vincent died from strangulation at the hands of Fred. Savage. Savage is kept in close confinement and appears very gloomy. He declares his confession as originally printed in the Boston Herald is true, but the police doubt it. Mrs. Savage says her husband told her he had killed three other persons at different times, before he murdered Mrs. Vincent; but the story is not credited.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

FORTY-FIFTH CONGRESS. Second Session.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 17.

The Vice President (Wheeler) being absent Mr. Ferry was elected President *pro tem*.

Mr. Windom, Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, submitted a concurrent resolution directing the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House to declare their respective houses adjourned without day on the 10th of June at 1 o'clock. Agreed to unanimously.

After a brief discussion, by a vote of 38 to 17 the Senate indefinitely postponed Mr. Burnside's bill to remove all restrictions now existing in regard to enlistments of colored citizens in any arm of the U. S. Service.

The following is the full text of the bill agreed upon by the Senate Finance Committee to-day and reported to the Senate with favorable recommendation: An act to amend an act to provide for the resumption of specie payments and for other purposes. That from and after the passage of this act United States notes shall be receivable in payment for United States bonds now authorized by law to be issued, and on and after Oct. 1st, 1878, said notes shall be receivable for duties on imports, and said notes in the volume in existence on October 1st, 1878, shall not be cancelled, or permanently hoarded, but shall be re-issued, and they may be used for funding and all other lawful purposes whatever, to an amount not exceeding in the whole the amount then in circulation and in the Treasury, and the said notes whether then in the Treasury or thereafter received under any act of Congress and from whatever source, shall be again paid out, and when returned to the Treasury they shall not be cancelled, or destroyed, but shall be issued from time to time with like qualities; and all that part of the act of January 14th, 1875 entitled "an act to provide for the resumption of specie payments, authorizing the retirement of 80 per cent. of United States notes," shall cease and become inoperative on and after said October 1st, 1878.

Section 2—All laws and parts of laws inconsistent with this act shall be and are hereby repealed. Bill ordered to be placed on calendar. The bill was reported as a substitute for the House bill, repealing the specie resumption act.

Mr. Burnside called up the bill introduced by him to remove all restrictions now existing in regard to the enlistments of colored citizens in any arm of the army, the pending question being on the motion of Mr. Blaine to indefinitely postpone the bill.

Mr. Blaine said it was the general judgment of both sides of the chamber that the passage of this bill would be the end of the colored man in the army, though he knew it was not the intention of the Senator from Rhode Island. Believing that would be the result of the bill he was totally opposed to it.

The motion of Mr. Blaine to indefinitely postpone the bill was agreed to. Yeas 37; nays 12.

Mr. Beck submitted the following:

That the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to furnish the Senate with all information in possession of his department, as to the total consumption of all manufactured articles to which tariff duties apply, including those imported as well as those produced in this country, with the proportion of each.

Mr. Dorsey submitted a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Interior for copies of all decisions of that department relative to the right of Indians to impose taxes on Indian territory. Agreed to.

Mr. Sargent called up his joint resolution authorizing the President to appoint a commission to arrange a treaty with the kingdom of Corea, and it was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

The Chair laid before the Senate the order adopted yesterday providing for consideration of resolutions and bills on the calendar. The first resolution was that by Mr. Voorhees on the 13th of December last declaring it of the highest importance that the financial credit of the Government be maintained, and in order to do so the Government itself in all its departments should in good faith keep all its contracts and obligations entered into with its own citizens. After some discussion the resolution was agreed to unanimously.

Several bills on the calendar were passed including the Senate bill extending the act of July 2, 1862, donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts to Colorado.

The Senate went into Executive session and when the doors were reopened adjourned.

House.

The bill repealing the act authorizing the coining of 20 cent silver pieces, passed.

Mr. Phillips reported from the Banking Committee a bill providing for the deposit of savings in popular loans and for funding the National debt in home bonds. It provides that any person may deposit money in any sum of not less than 25 cts. at any postal money order office and when such deposits shall reach sums of $10 the postmaster shall issue to the depositor a postal order on the United States Treasury, which shall issue therefor 3.65 bonds, which shall be exempt from all taxes. Referred to the Committee of the Whole.

A number of bills were reported from the Committee on the Pacific Railroad and referred to the Committee of the Whole; among them the pro rata bill, the bill establishing a Pacific Railroad Commission and a bill amending the Pacific Railroad acts.

Mr. Hartzell from the Committee on Banking, reported back the bill authorizing the deposit of silver bullion and issue of certificates therefor. Referred to the Committee of the Whole and made a special order for May 9th.

At the expiration of the morning hour a message was received from the Senate announcing that that body adopted a resolution for the final adjournment of Congress on June 10th. The announcement was received with applause.

Mr. O'Neil desired to call up the resolution for present consideration, but the House proceeded to the business on the Speaker's table and disposed thereof as follows:

The Senate bill for the transfer to the City of Brooklyn of lands at Wallabout Bay was referred to the Committee on Naval affairs. The concurrent resolution for final adjournment of Congress on the 10th of June.

Mr. Wood moved its reference to the Committee on Ways and Means. Defeated yeas, 107; nays 129.

Mr. Wood thereupon moved to postpone further consideration of the resolution till the 3d Monday in May.

Mr. Wright, of Pa., moved to postpone till this day week.

Mr. O'Niel moved that the resolution be concurred in.

The Speaker having caused several rules to be read, gave precedence to O'Neil's motion.

Mr. Wright moved to reconsider the vote refusing to refer the resolution.

Mr. Garfield moved to lay that motion on the table.

Mr. Springer interposed his motion to adjourn. Rejected, yeas 87; nays 14.

Mr. Clark of Mo., moved that when the House adjourn to-day, it adjourn to Monday. Rejected on a yea and nay vote.

After two hours spent in voting on these and other dilatory motions, on which the anti-tariff Democrats voted with the Republicans in order to force an early adjournment. Mr. Durham presented the conference report on the deficiency bill for temporary clerks in the Treasury Dept and to protect the timber lands. He explained the compromises on which the Conference Committee had come together. All these items were small, but there were two items, however, on which the committee had not been able to agree; one as to postal clerks and the other as to special agents of the Internal Revenue Department.

Another motion to adjourn was made, and again resisted on the Republican side although the Speaker in response to inquiries said the conference report and resolution for adjournment would come up again to-morrow under the previous question. A vote was taken by yeas and nays and decided in the affirmative 109 to 95.

The House thereupon at six o'clock adjourned.

After the adjournment a Democratic caucus was announced for to-night.

POLITICAL.

A Meeting at Simon Cameron's.

NEW YORK, April 17. The Herald says a number of Pennsylvania Republicans assembled at Simon Cameron's house, in Harrisburg, Monday night to discuss the policy to be pursued by the party in dealing with the issues raised by the attitude of President Hayes. A proposition was submitted that the convention ought to ignore Hayes and omit all reference to him in the platform. This called out some opposition, and quite a number of the minority proposed the endorsement of Hayes by the party. Hereupon Kemble took the floor and indignantly denounced any such proceedings. He not only did not favor endorsing Hayes but thought those present who espoused the policy of the President should leave the House. Nearly a dozen immediately took their hats and vacated the premises.

An Ohio Platform that Pleases the President.

NEW YORK, April 17. It is stated that the President read the following platform from an Ohio newspaper to the Cabinet yesterday, saying nothing yet so fully met his views:—

First—Resumption of specie payments in gold and silver.

Second—Resistance to all schemes for inflating the present volume of currency.

Third—A fair and moderate tariff that will afford a reasonable protection to American industries.

Fourth—An amendment to the Constitution prohibiting the use of money raised by taxation for the support of sectarian schools.

Fifth—The speedy completion of all public works, such as river and harbor improvements, public buildings and fortifications, now that labor and material are cheap and workingmen need employment, and a liberal policy for the improvement of great national channels of commerce like the Mississippi River and its tributaries.

Secretary McCrary suggested that there ought to be a clause added declaring opposition in emphatic terms, to the payment of all claims of disloyal citizen for damages and losses growing out of the war, and payment of pensions to persons disloyal during the war.

With this amendment, which the Cabinet present all accepted, the resolutions were pronounced very proper and a complete presentation of the views of the Administration.

The Policies Denounced, by the N. Y. Republican Central Committee.

The New York Republican Central Committee met Tuesday night, and resolutions were offered indorsing the speech of Senator Howe of Wisconsin delivered recently on the President's policies of conciliation and civil service reform; also favoring a fair treatment of the South, but opposed to the ignoble surrender of the principle for peace and conciliation; also favoring honest civil service reform, and protesting against the bestowing of official positions or friends under the false cry of reform, and, finally, warning all Republicans that the principles of the party are not forgotten nor concealed through the indecision of weak leaders or the devices of designing men. Several speeches were made on the resolutions, and William A. Darling denounced the civil service reform of the administration as a sham, a fraud and a humbug. The resolutions were finally referred to a committee, with instructions to report at the next meeting on them.

THE CONKLING INTERVIEWS.

Mr. Conkling's Opinion of Dawes, Hoar, and Burnside, the Administration Champions.

NEW YORK, April 17. In an interview Senator Conkling spoke of Matthews, Christiancy, Dawes, Hoar, Burnside, Conover and Patterson, as the seven Republican Senatorial supporters of Hayes. He spoke of the three New Englanders as follows: After a great deal of hesitation; Senators Dawes and Hoar, appear to have cast in their lots with the Administration though their State is decidedly against combination. You remember that when the State Convention of Massachusetts was held at Worcester, last fall, Senator Hoar refused to preside because it was understood a resolution endorsing the Administration was to be passed. About that time the President made his trip to Boston and while there he sent for Hoar and requested him to preside as a personal favor to himself. Of course, I do not know to a certainty what arguments were used, but it was rumored that Collector Simmons was to be guillotined and that the spoils of office in the State were to be divided by the two Senators, mind this is only rumor, but coincidences that have followed the adhesion of these gentlemen to the Administration faction have been curious and suggestive. Collector Simmons has gone and the two Massachusetts Senators seem to be consulted about all changes in their State. I nearly forgot Burnside. He is one of the President's men. Nobody seems to take the trouble to inquire why except I have heard it said he likes to be noticed by the President and to say that Hayes once served under him. Burnside is as weak a man in civil life as in the army and amounts to nothing in the Senate except his vote. I don't believe he could tell anybody why he supports the Administration. That is all the following Mr. Hayes has among the Republican Senators from the North and you see this is nothing to boast of considering that the President professes to be a Republican, and has been in office a year and holds an immense official patronage in his hands.

NEW YORK CITY.

The English Engineer.

NEW YORK, April 17. The Russian Consul knows of no Russian privateers being fitted out in this country. He says a company was formed in Russia to purchase vessels here in case of war, but vessels bought here would have to be taken to Russian ports to be manned.

Life Insurance.

The agent of the Boston Life Insurance Company is here seeking information as to Capt. Clark of the scuttled schooner E. H. Pray, as Clark's father claims $2000 from the Life Insurance Company on the ground that the Captain was murdered. Evidence is said to be forthcoming that Clark was seen in Hoboken after the schooner sank.

WILLIAM M. TWEED.

The Funeral.

NEW YORK, April 17. The funeral of Tweed took place this morning, none being permitted to enter the house unless personal friends of the family or intimates of Tweed. The body was enclosed in an oak casket six feet four inches long, twenty-two inches wide and eighteen inches deep, covered with black velvet. A silver plate bore the inscription Wm M. Tweed, died April 12, 1878 aged 55 years. The body was dressed in a black suit. The features were life like. The floral decorations were few. The family consisted of Mr. and Mrs. Douglas, George McGinnis, and wife, the youngest daughter of Mr. Tweed, the latter having only just arrived from New Orleans. Among those who attended the funeral were John D. Townsend, Coroner Weltman, ex-Superintendent Kelso, Sheriff Reilley, Comptroller Kelly, Police Inspector McDermott and several other old personal and political friends of Tweed. The venerable Dr. Price of Stetson Island who performed the marriage ceremony of Tweed officiated at the service over the body. After the service the relatives, pall bearers and few friends of the family followed the body to Greenwood Cemetery. There were not more than a dozen carriages in the funeral procession. Ex-Judge Scott, Charles Devlin, M. Edelstein, Barney Kelly, George Butts, Charles G Cornell, Foster Dewey and Wm. W. Adams were pall bearers.

KANSAS.

G. A. R. Reunion.

LEAVENWORTH, April 17. Custer Post G. A. R. invite posts from other parts of the country to join in an encampment and reunion the 17th and 18th of May, on the grounds adjacent to Ft. Leavenworth. Sherman, Sheridan and other Generals are expected to be there.

OREGON.

Republican State Convention.

SALEM, April 17. The Republican State Convention have adopted a platform declaring for sound money and the maintenance of public faith to the fullest extent, giving a moderate support to the National Administration. H. K. Hines of Union county, was nominated for Congress. Three ballots were had for Governor without result. The principal candidates are D. P. Thompson, Henry Failing and L. L. Rowland. The strength of each is about the same.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEP'T, OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., April 18—(1 A. M.)

Indications.

For New England Northeast to Southeast winds, warmer, cloudy and threatening weather, stationary followed by falling barometer.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES.

Henry Bedlow, Republican, was elected Mayor of Newport, yesterday.

The barn, with contents, including fifty head of cattle and fifty swine, owned by Samuel F. Whitney of Harvard, Mass., was burned yesterday. Loss $10,000.

FOREIGN NEWS.

THE SITUATION UNCHANGED.

Reports, Opinions and Talk.

Various Matters.

LONDON, April 17. Parliament separates for the Easter recess, under the conviction that the emergency is not greater than a few weeks ago.

News from various centres of interest is not reassuring. A semi-official despatch from Calcutta to-day says: The Indian Government received orders to send troops to Malta. The Assistant Quartermaster, Commissary General at Calcutta, has gone to Malta to arrange for the reception of these troops.

A Constantinople despatch of the 16th says the contest in the Cabinet continues. Ahmed Vefek Effendi, President of the Council of Ministers, tendered his resignation on Monday, but withdrew it after a long conference with the Sultan and Safvet Pasha, President of the Council of State, and the refusal of Reouf Pasha and Mehemet Ruchdi Pasha to accept the Premiership. Mehemet Ruchdi Pasha has been appointed Minister without a portfolio.

Dissatisfaction with the Russians.

LONDON, April 17. Mr. Layard, British Ambassador at Constantinople, has gone to Ismid for two days. The Turks still occupy Batoum. It is untrue that the Russians have again asked permission to occupy Buyukdere, or are moving near Constantinople. Both from Vienna and St. Petersburg, come reports of great uneasiness and dissatisfaction in the latter city about the Russian position. Ill humor is directed against the Russian diplomatists for permitting military successes and military views to turn their heads, but England and Austria are also much blamed, the former for wishing to deprive Russia of those fruits of her victory which do not interfere with British interests, and Austria for exaggerating and exceeding the limits defined by her before the outbreak of the war, as conditions of her neutrality. The growing consciousness that

A Mistake has been Made,

and must be repaired, is regarded as a hopeful sign. The replacement of the Grand Duke Nicholas by Gen Todleben, if true, would show that the Russian Government, as a first step towards peace, intends to put the management of affairs at Constantinople into safe hands. The situation in Roumania seems becoming not less dangerous than at Stamboul. The Russians claim that the military convention with Roumania which gives them control of the communications, does not terminate until a definitive peace.

The Roumanians are Alarmed

about the occupation of their country and the possibility of an attempt to disarm them, and have withdrawn their army into Little Wallachia, where they boast that they will make another Plevna if the Russians attack them.

Russian Occupations.

The Bucharest journals, referring to the Russian seizure of ammunition, ask why the Government has not troops at the station to protect its property. The Russians occupy the greater part of Roumanian Bessarabia and are entrenching the line of the Russian frontier prior to 1856.

The Situation Unchanged.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times telegraphs as follows: The situation is unaltered, the conciliatory action of Germany continues, but so far without result. The difference in regard to submitting the whole treaty is declared to offer an insuperable obstacle to further negotiations in the direction hitherto followed. I am assured on good authority that Russia would consent to some new departure such as the taking of the treaties of 1856 and 1871, as a basis of discussion.

GREAT BRITAIN.

A Gigantic Strike of Mill Operatives Anticipated.

LONDON, April 17. The notices of a reduction of wages of the cotton operatives in Lancashire expired to-day and to-morrow there is little hope of avoiding a struggle which will involve the stoppage of 200,000 looms and 6,000,000 spindles and render idle 120,000 work people. A council of operative spinners after an interview with the masters yesterday, resolved to recommend that members accept the proposed reduction for the present and call a representative meeting of spinners for Sunday, to decide upon the future course of operatives at Arlington and District Church. Harwood, Enfield and Preston have reduced the time, but there is no hope of the masters accepting such a proposal. The Blackburn and Darnley operatives will resist uncompromisingly, consequently to-night in all probability will begin the most gigantic strike and lockout that ever occurred in the county of Lancaster. Loomis is not affected by the strike and will subscribe 3 pence per week for the strikers.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Monetary Quotations.

NEW YORK, April 17. Money 5@7 per cent. Sterling Exchange closed at 4.86@4.88¼. Gold closed at 100¾. Government securities closed at the following quotations —

U. S. 6's, due '81, (coup Jan 1 & July 1) ex int 1871 ... 107
" " " '65, (coup Jan 1 & July 1) ... 104
" " " '67, (coup Jan 1 & July 1) ... 107½
" " " '68, (coup Jan 1 & July 1) ... 108½

U. S. 5's, ... 104½
" 10-40's, 5 per cent (coup Mar 1 & Sept 1) ... 104
" currency 6's, ... 119½
" 4½s, ... 102½
" 4s, ... 100½

(Above quotations include the accrued interest)

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, April 17. FLOUR is higher—sales 24,700—Superfine Western and State, 4.15 @ 5.05; extra Ohio, 5.00@6.75; white wheat western, 5.50 6.50; Southern 5.25 @7.50.

WHEAT is higher — sales 191,000 bushels—No. 2 Spring, 1.24@1.25; No. 2 winter red, 1.36.

CORN firmer—sales 213,000 bushels - ungraded western mixed, 48@50; steamer mixed, 52.

OATS are firmer—sales 68,000 bushels - Mixed Western and state, 33 @ 35; white western and state, 33@40.

Coffee—Rio 15@17.

SUGAR is quiet—Fair to good Refining, 7@7½; prime, 7½; standard A, 9; granulated, 9½ @ 9½; powdered, 9¾; crushed, 9¾.

PETROLEUM —Crude, 6¾; refined, 11.

ROSIN at 1.57½@1.60.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE at 31.

PORK—new mess, 9.75@10.25.

BEEF is quiet.

LARD—prime steam, 7.35.

Chicago Produce Market

CHICAGO, April 17. Flour is firm.
Wheat—No. 2, 1.11½
Corn—No. 2, 40½.
Oats, 25½.
Barley at 49.
Rye at 58

LOCAL MATTERS.

A very high tide last night.

Yesterday the steamer Lewiston arrived in this port.

Fresh mackerel were exhibited in the market yesterday.

Remember the millinery opening at the Villa de Paris to-day.

The tug brought several vessels loaded with coal to this port yesterday.

C. H. Kirkpatrick advertises all kinds of fresh fish and smoked alewives.

Next week one of Stetson's companies will give an entertainment in this city.

Owing to the pleasant weather, business was quite brisk on the market yesterday.

Yesterday a large number of men started up river to work on the different drives.

Messrs. Thompson & Kellogg have received a lot of alewives direct from St. Johns.

The weather last evening was delightful. The moon being full it was almost as light as day.

At the annual meeting of the State College Scientific Society the old officers were reelected.

The ship Penobscot, built by N. T. Hill & Co., Bucksport, will be launched to-day at 11 o'clock.

Many of the boys are improving this fine weather by riding horse-back. The streets are becoming good for this exercise.

Any one having a horse which they want to put out to pasture, will be interested in Dudley Bean's notice in another column.

The steamer May, Field will start on her regular route from the City of Richmond's wharf at eight o'clock Saturday morning.

Yesterday a large number of the friends of Messrs. Woodsum & Verplast called upon them in their new and commodious store.

There is no doubt that walking is healthy exercise,—no doubt except in the mind of a boy who is sent upon an errand. He prefers sitting on the settee.

A man who crossed the ice at Moosehead Lake Tuesday states that it was very rotten, and thinks it will be doubtful if the river drivers can cross on it.

The weekly business and prayer meeting of the Woman's Temperance Union will be held this afternoon at the First Baptist chapel, at four o'clock.

Smith, the murderer, who received his sentence at Ellsworth last Tuesday to imprisonment for life at hard labor, will be taken to Thomaston on Friday.

The travelling about the city is now very good. It wont be long before the boys will have an opportunity to use the street hose, moistening the roads and pedestrians boots.

During the past few nights the police have had their eyes on a suspicious sloop in our port, as it was known that several bad characters were on board. She left yesterday.

Brig Havilah, Capt. Coombs, from Messina, having as passengers Chas. L. Snow, and a son of Job Collett, Esq., of this city, arrived at Philadelphia Tuesday afternoon. She left Fort Point, Dec. 1st.

At the meeting of the School Committee yesterday afternoon, Miss Hattie M. Spencer, was elected teacher of the Odlin Road school. As she formerly taught the school and having a certificate, no examination was held.

Judge Humphrey has decided not to prosecute the boys who started the brush fire at his residence last Monday night. The boys have been released, but the matter still hangs over them, and it will be advisable for them to be more careful in the future.

The Berger Family are meeting with fine success in the other cities of our State during this season's tour, and the sale of seats in this city points to an equal success here. Leppe and Fanny Delano and the other new artists and attractions are very popular.

Mr. W. J. Webb, and Mr. A. M. Mason have formed a copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the Bond and Stock business, under the firm name of W. J. Webb & Co. These persons having business to transact in bonds and stocks, will receive prompt attention at their office.

About the middle of next month we are to have an entertainment in this city which promises to be a decidedly novel affair. The "Frog" opera is now in active preparations and some of our best musical talent having taken the work in hand, we expect to see something refreshing from its novelty.

Yesterday a dog had a fit in East Market Square and as he appeared to be suffering considerably a merchant took out his revolver and walking up within about four feet of the dog, fired three shots, and then remarked that he was out of misery. He was somewhat surprised, however, when the dog got up and walked away uninjured.

A SOCIAL GATHERING. The *Press* says: Dr. A. C. Hamlin, Mayor of Bangor, and Department Commander of the Grand Army of Maine arrived in Portland Tuesday afternoon. The comrades of Post Bosworth gathered at the hall that evening to entertain their guest. They met in the ladies reception room, and were entertained until a late hour with stories and songs. The evenings entertainment closed with a supper at Capt. Chase's saloon on Centre street. It was a very pleasant affair for one got up on so short a notice and will long be remembered by all.

The Parsonage in Brewer was the scene of a pleasant surprise on Tuesday evening. The ladies of the Union Circle gathered in good numbers for a picnic supper, after which Mr. T. E. Collins, in a graceful little speech, presented to the Pastor on behalf the ladies, a handsome lounge and music-stool, as a token of their esteem and affection, and appreciation of his labors among them for the past two years. This handsome and unexpected token of their kindness was gratefully acknowledged by the Pastor, who with his family, will ever carry with him a pleasant remembrance of his connection with the friends in Brewer.

A BOLD AFFAIR. Yesterday afternoon about half-past two o'clock a fellow entered a window in the ell of Mr. H. L. Lane's house on Spring street. He gained an entrance by the aid of a ladder, and passed through the house and entered the front chamber where Mrs. Lane was sitting. Hearing a noise she looked up and seeing this fellow standing in the room she screamed for help. The fellow then rapidly retreated and passing down the ladder made his escape. Mrs. Lane described him as being a young man about eighteen years of age.

A VILLAIN'S ANTECEDENTS.—The Dover *Democrat* says that Savage, the murderer of Rose Vincent, at Biddeford, is well known in Dover, having lived there a year ago or more. While there he went by the name of Young. He was a good-looking and smart-appearing man who wore a sort of navy uniform, not full and complete, but resembling the dress of the navy, and walked smartly about town with a nice cane. He behaved so well that he worked himself into the good graces and affections of a young lady, and it was understood they were to be married. The lady had a bank account with quite a sum in her favor, which she drew out, and then the rascal Young, alias Savoie, alias Savage, stole it all and ran away, and had not been heard from since, until it turns out that he is the murderer of Rose Vincent.

MESSRS FIELD, ROBERTSON & CO., have recently made some very extensive improvements in their establishment on Hammond street, having put in a new steam engine, to accommodate which, they have built on an addition to the rear of their shop with a chimney sixty feet high. On the first floor they have already placed a planing machine, circular saws and buzz planer, and are having built for them in New Jersey a moulding machine of the latest improved pattern, which they are expecting the last of the week. On the second floor there is a bandsaw, turning lathe, jig and circular saws, all of which are in charge of Joseph Nason, which is a guarantee of good work. They have been to a large expense in fitting up, and being located near the centre of the business part of the city, they will no doubt command a good share of the public patronage.

THE BANGOR AUXILIARY, of the Woman's Board of Missions held its eighth annual meeting yesterday afternoon at the vestry of the First Parish church. The following officers were elected for the ensuring year: Directresses, Mrs. James Crosby, Mrs. Sophia Stackpole, Mrs. J. S. Sewel, Mrs. G. W. Pickering, Mrs. Albert Dole, Mrs. Lizzie Pond, Mrs. H. L. Brown, Mrs. G. G. Stearns, Mrs. T. G. Stickney; Secretary and Treasurer, Mrs. W. G. Duren. A resolution of thanks was passed to the retiring Treasurer, Mrs. E. G. Thurston, for her fidelity and efficiency, and regret that she could no longer serve in that capacity. The Maine Branch of the Woman's Board of Missions, support three schools at stations in Umzumbi, South Africa; Sarcesay, Turkey, and Marlin, also in Turkey. In this work the Bangor Auxiliary assists, holding monthly meetings in rotation at the vestries of the three Congregational churches. The membership for the past year has been one hundred and twelve, the receipts $76.50. The Mission circles connected with the Society are the Dakota Workers and the Bangor Rill. The former assists in various ways the station at Fort Sully where Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Riggs are laboring. They have recently remitted $15 as part proceeds of Prof. Hamlin's lecture. The Rill have passed over $100 to Rev. C. H. Wheeler towards the Littlefield tutorship, in the female department of Armenian College, Harpoot, Turkey.

BUSKIN CLUB.

A Second Presentation of "Partners For Life."

A fine audience assembled at Norombega Hall last evening on the occasion of the second presentation of "Partners for Life," by the Buskin Club. The play was presented even better than on Tuesday evening. The acting by the different characters was exceedingly fine, and deserved a warmer recognition than it received from the audience. As on the former occasion the stage settings were elegant and one would travel a long way before they would see a stage dressed better, or even as well as it was in the first scene of the play last evening. The library scene was also very fine, the large book case and the open fire place, in which a cheerful fire was burning, made the room look decidedly inviting. Mr. Andrews Orchestra did much to add enchantment to the entertainment, their music being as beautiful as it was difficult to render. The following choice selections were given during the evening: Overture—"National," Wiegand; Selections, from "Chilperic," Herve; Suite de Valses, par Desblins; Cornet Medley, Ripley. As on the first evening Mrs. Shaw sang a fine selection. She was in good voice, and her singing well merited the applause which it received at the hands of the audience.

The entertainment closed with the burlesque, "Bombastes Furioso." It was full of laughable situations, and the Buskins interspersed numerous local hits which made it immensely popular with the audience. One of the best features was the take off on the way the club rooms were formerly run in the city. The cast was as follows: *King Artaxominous*, Mr. E. M. Hersey; *Fusbos*, his Prime Minister, Mr. J. E. M. Sanford; *Major General Bombastes*, Mr. F. A. Cowan; *Distaffina* a gushing damsel, Mr. V. Scott. This is the last appearance of the Buskins for the season, but we hope that during the next season we shall be favored with numerous entertainments by this popular Club.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT.

APRIL (CIVIL) TERM, 1878.

HON. JOHN APPLETON, Justice Presiding.
JAMES H. BURGESS, Clerk of Courts.
EUREL SMITH, Stenographer.

Wednesday April 17.

The case of Frank D. Bowley vs. Eugene F. Sanger, which is now occupying the attention of the Court has been tried once before in this city, and resulted in a disagreement of the Jury.

Plaintiff resides in Alton and is Station Agent of the Bangor & Piscataquis Railroad Company at that place. Defendant is a physician and surgeon in regular practice in Bangor and vicinity. The plaintiff had, while cutting out of the ice a stick of wood, received upon his leg near the knee a severe blow from a piece of the stick. He employed Dr. Seavey to treat the injured limb, upon which an abscess had formed on or near the knee, and below the same. Subsequently, becoming impatient with his progress toward a cure, he employed the defendant, who on the 11th day of August 1876, performed a surgical operation on plaintiff's knee.

Plaintiff charges that defendant in the operation cut out from over the delicate structures of the knee a piece of flesh about three inches long and about two inches wide, exposing the bone; he claims this cutting was rash, needless and resulted in such a condition of things as to render amputation necessary, that the cutting and such treatment was gross mal-practice and he brings his action on the case to recover $12,000 as damages for the injury claimed to have been inflicted upon him by said alleged mal-practice.

Defendant affirms he did not cut out a piece of flesh, that he made only one simple incision, with a side one opening a sinus; that the operation was done carefully and skillfully and that the condition of the knee was such as to render the operation he did perform absolutely necessary; that Bowley had for a long time previous a lame leg resulting from an old injury; that this old injury complicated the last injury to the knee; that what he did do was good practice backed by good authority.

The case was opened by the counsel for the plaintiff last Monday and they have put all of their evidence in. The council for the defence opened to-day.

Mace and Robinson. Clark and Varney.

Police Court.

In the police court yesterday Michael McDonald was fined five dollars and costs for drunkenness from which he appealed and gave bonds.

Business Items.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES at
apl8 3t D. WHITE'S.

"What are the wild waves saying" about SLIPPERY ELM LOZENGES for Coughs. For sale by all Druggists.

CASWELL & CO., cor. Washington and Winter Sts., Boston.

You can buy a Singer Improved Sewing Machine of Charles Hale & Co., 24 Main St., Bangor, at a less price than any other good machine can be bought for.

Deal with BOWLER & MERRILL, Bankers, No. 7 Kenduskeag Block, Bangor,—if you wish to obtain the safest Securities for the investment of TRUST FUNDS AND SAVINGS at the lowest prices.

AN ASTONISHING FACT.

A large proportion of the American people are to-day dying from the effects of Dyspepsia or disordered liver. The result of these diseases upon the masses of intelligent and valuable people is most alarming, making life actually a burden instead of a pleasant existence of enjoyment and usefulness as it ought to be. There is no good reason for this, if you will only throw aside prejudice and skepticism, take the advice of Druggists, and your friends, and try one bottle of Green's August Flower. Your speedy relief is certain. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been given away to try its virtues, with satisfactory results in every case. You can buy a sample bottle for 10 cents to try. Three doses will relieve the worst case. Positively sold by all Druggists on the Western Continent.

Whenever you have any business to transact in investments, securities of any description, or in gold coin, coupons, or other monetary matters, deal with Messrs. Bowler & Merrill, banker and proprietors of the Bangor Safe Deposit Vaults, No. 7 Kenduskeag Block.

CLARKE'S TOOTH ACHE DROPS *cure instantly*. jul 11—1y.

WHAT OTHER medicines have failed to do, HUNT'S REMEDY surely does, restoring to health those afflicted with Dropsy, Bright's Disease, Kidney, Bladder and Glandular Complaints. HUNT'S REMEDY cures Gravel, Incontinence, and Retention of Urine, Excesses, Intemperance, General Debility and Loss of Appetite. HUNT'S REMEDY cures all Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs.

Free Sample Bottles of Adamson's Botanic Balsam may be had of your druggist. Pleasant and never failing remedy for coughs, colds bleeding from the lungs, asthma, &c., &c. Large bottles 75 and 35 cts. Try it.

Maine Journal.

PORT OF BANGOR.

WEDNESDAY, April 17

ARRIVED.

Steamer Lewiston, Deering, Portland
Sch Fannie Tracy, Tilton, Philadelphia, coal to T. G. Stickney.
Sch Webster Barnard, Turner, Philadelphia, coal to T. G. Stickney
Sch Granger, Watt, Port Johnson, coal to Sanford Line.
Sch Wm H Barnes, Leach, Port Johnson, coal to Sanford Line.
Sch Damon Ray, Greene, New York
Sch Magnum Bonum, Hale Newburyport
Sch Sea Flower, Robbins, Portland, corn to J C Towle
Sch John and Frank, Baker York
Sch Lavolta, Whitman, Ellsworth
Sch Yankee Blade, Lowe, Bucksport
Scow Dido Wentworth, Frankfort

CLEARED.

Sch Georgia, Sandlett, Edgartown, Mass
Sch Mystery, Seaward, Hingham
Sch Northern Eagle, Martin, Gloucester
The firm of L J Morse & Co shipped to day their first load of ice to Rockland, on the sch Patriot, Capt Ellis.

By Telegraph.

Bark Edwin Reed, Higgins, arrived at Queenstown the 16th, from Iquique—85 days passage.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

ORLAND. Ar 16th, schr Maria Adelaide, Kent, St John.

BOSTON. Ar 15th, brig Ada L White, White, Palermo, schs A P Emerson, Emerson, Michela; Sea Pigeon, Leary, Calais; Billow, Perry, Machias, Forest Eagle, Tinker, do; Forrester, Ray Ellsworth; James Nellson, Kendall, Bangor; Cicero, Church, Marshall, Bangor; Nahant, Wallis, Camden; Radiant, Hardy, Rockland; Maria Theresa, Kellock, do; Arcade, Keen, Rockport; Delaware, Kellar, Thomaston.

PORTSMOUTH. Ar 15th, schr Charles Carroll, Harding, Rockland. Sld, schr Chattanooga, Snare, Bangor.

NEW YORK. Ar 15th, schr Palladium, Ryder, New Bedford Ocean Wave, Hodgkins, New London. Cld, brig Susie J Strout, Tickett, St Marc (Hayti). Nellie F Sawyer, Bunker, Portland

LEWES, Del. Ar 15th, brig Chas Dennis, Dodge, Cardenas.

WILMINGTON, NC. Ar 14th, brig Cora Green, Philbrook, Navassa.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Ar at Bristol, April 15, bark Lavonia, Eaton, New York.

Sld from Cadiz, to 15th, brig Mariposa, Fletcher, St Jago.

Ar at Gloucester, 15th, bark Kate Harding, Watts, Portland, Me, via Queenstown.

Ar at Queenstown, 14th, bark Edwin Reed, Higgins, Iquique; Lizzie H Jackson, Harwick, Mejillones.

Ar at Fayal, March 14, bark Kate Williams, Hale, Boston, to sail for St Michaels 20th.

Ar at Zanzibar, March 23, bark W H Thorndike, Richardson, New York via Tamatave, to sail for New York direct about April 18.

GO TO C. A. BROWN'S

No. 15 West Market Square,

And see the Best Full Regular English Hose You ever saw for 25 cents per pair.
Also, Children's and Misses' Full Regular Stripe Hose for 37 1-2 cents per pair.
Look at Gent's White Shirt made of the best Wamsutta Cloth for 85 cents each.
50 dozen Towels for 5 cents each. 50 dozen Towels for 10 cents each.
Splendid Marseilles Spread for $3.00, cheap at $5.00.
500 dozen J. & J. P. Coates and Geo. A. Clark Thread for 5 cents a spool.
Ladies Print Wrappers for $1.00.
White Knitting Cotton for 3 cents per Ball.
I have just received a full assortment of Frank Leslie's Paper Patterns, Spring and Summer Styles. Call for New Catalogue.

O. A. BROWN.

Bangor, April 3, 1878.

JUST RECEIVED.

ANOTHER LOT OF THOSE

[illegible]

Also One Case

[illegible]

AT THE

[illegible]

P. TUCKER.

apl10 1w

SPECIAL SALE

OF

Ladies' Underwear!

ONE THOUSAND PIECES.

The Entire Lot Must be Sold This Week. Terms Cash on Delivery

NO. 40 MAIN STREET.

G. W. STEVENS.

Bangor, April 8, 1878.

DRAIN PIPE

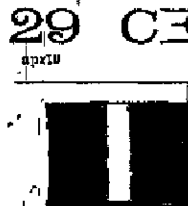
FOR SALE BY

[illegible] & CO.,

PLUMBERS,

29 CENTRAL STREET.

apl10



[illegible] OR [illegible]

B[illegible].

It is our intention to establish, for the benefit of all our good and thrifty citizens of this city and vicinity,

A NEW SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

Where all receive from 20 to 50 per cent interest on their money as soon as the deposit is made. These funds to be invested in the following reliable securities:

Spring Style Sacks, Shirts, Sh[illegible],

ALL OF WHICH WE MANUFACTURE,

Also, White Shirts, Linen and Paper Collars and Cuffs, Neck Ties, Silk Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Umbrellas, &c.

All money invested in the above stocks will pay handsome dividends, and no better securities were ever placed upon the market at such reasonable terms. They are within the reach of all. Call on

ADAMS BROS.,

5 BOWMAN'S BLOCK.

march12

GLOBE HOTEL.

This Hotel was built last season, on the site of the Harriman House, furnished new throughout, with modern improvements, Sample Rooms on first floor, Bath Room, Water Closets, Billiard Room, Finger's Annunciator, etc. Good Livery and Transient Stables. Free Coaches to and from the House.

TERMS, $2.00 PER DAY.

J. E. HARRIMAN, Proprietor.

Bangor, July 31, 1877

[illegible] HOUSE, Lewiston, Me.

The Proprietors, formerly of the Franklin House, Bangor, having leased this commodious Hotel for a term of years, are now prepared to entertain their old friends and the traveling public generally. The Hotel is pleasantly situated on the Corner of Pine and Park Streets, nearly opposite City Building and Post Office, overlooking the Park and forming one of the most beautiful locations in the State. It is also convenient to the principal places of business. It has all the modern conveniences of Steam Bath Rooms, Sample Rooms, Billiard Hall. Also a first class Livery Stable. Carriages are always in waiting to take guests to and from the trains.

ROYAL QUIMBY, EBEN MURCH, Proprietors.

nov27

Send for our NEW CATALOGUE of

W[illegible] M[illegible]

Complete, with cuts and prices of all latest and best styles.

HILL, CLARKE & CO.,

181 Milk Street, Boston, Mass.

march19 eod 1m

Dissolution of Copartnership.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the name of WISWELL & DUNBAR is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either party will sign in liquidation.

J. W. WISWELL.
SCOTT DUNBAR.

Bangor, April 8, 1878.

ROLFE & FOSTER,

Lumber Commission Merchants,

No. 7 Doane St., Boston, Mass.

Refer by permission to Skillings & Whitney Bros. Foster, Swazey & Co., Lewis & Hall, Boston; Francis Butrick, Waltham. Consignments solicited.

BUCKSPORT MARINE RAILWAY!

L. B. PRATT, Proprietor.

Reduced Rates.

TERMS FOR HAULING OUT & LAY DAYS.

For vessels of 100 tons and upwards, 10 cents per ton for hauling out; 5 cents per ton for each lay day for four days.

All under 100 tons $10.00 for Hauling out; 6 cts. per ton for each lay day for four days.

No charge for first day in any case.

The management of this Railway has been placed in charge of WM. BEAZLEY & CO., who as practical Carpenters and Caulkers, are prepared to do repairing of all kinds. All work entrusted to their care will be promptly and faithfully done.

REFERENCES.—S D Swazey, Bucksport, J W Dresser, Castine, Hugh Ross, Bangor.

For further information inquire of WM. BEAZLEY & CO., Bucksport, Maine.

L B PRATT

Bucksport, April 8, 1878.

PLUMPTON, FISK & CO.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

GOODS, SILKS,

MILLINERY,

AND

STRAW GOODS

26 Summer & 92 Hawley Sts.,

BOSTON

We would call the attention of MILLINERS to an inspection of our stock, as being the largest and most complete to be found in New England. All orders will receive careful and prompt attention.

COPARTNERSHIP.

BANGOR, ME., April 1st, 1878

We, the undersigned, have this day entered into a copartnership, the firm name to be known as

T. B. SAVAGE & CO.,

for the purpose of continuing the GROCERY business, at No. 6 West Market Square.

T. B. SAVAGE.
W. L. SAVAGE

april1

Special Bargains

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN FLOUR,

At J. H. SNOW'S,

15 West Market Square.

march9 Old Stores of Snow & Nealley.

[illegible]

CHEAP FOR CASH,

CALL AT

MAYO & APPLETON'S,

20 CENTRAL ST.

[illegible]

A PROFIT!

BUT, BUY YOUR

Driving Boots and Shoes

Of the Man who Manufactures them

AND

SAVE FIFTY CENTS A PAIR.

WE MEAN IT.

E. A. BUCK & CO.

Corner State & Exchange Sts.

Bring in your Boots and Rubbers and have them mended.

march9

NewspaperARCHIVE®

1878.

THE OLDEST AND BEST

FAMILY NEWSPAPERS

BANGOR DAILY [illegible]

AND

BANGOR [illegible]

1878—Vols. XLV-VI.

Daily Established 1834 - - - Weekly, 1815.

BOUTELLE & BURR, Proprietors.

C. A. BOUTELLE, Editor.

In issuing the Forty-fifth annual Prospectus of these standard Newspapers, the Proprietors confidently appeal to the record of almost half a century as affording the best promise of the future, while they will continue to spare no effort in maintaining and advancing their high character as

The Leading Journals of Eastern Maine,

And with facilities at our command we hope to make our journals still more interesting during the coming year.

Our connection with the *Associated Press*, from which we receive all the dispatches by night and day, enables us to present in each issue

The Latest Telegraphic News from All Parts of the World.

In addition we shall be served by Special Correspondents at important points, and shall furnish

Full Reports of
Local, Domestic and Foreign News,
Proceedings of Congress,
Of State Legislature,
Financial and Commercial,
Home, Produce Markets,
Editorial Articles, Agricultural News,
Manufacturing Intelligence
Selected Stories,
Choice Poetry,
Entertaining Miscellany,

And all the important and interesting features which make up a

First Class Family Newspaper.

In politics the papers will continue to advocate and uphold the Principles of the Republican Party, while claiming to be independent, in the highest and best sense of the word. Fearless and outspoken in the treatment of all public questions and firmly maintaining what they believe to be right, they will avoid intolerance and make their appeals to the understanding rather than to prejudice. The year about to open will be fruitful of unusually important political events bearing upon the future of our country, and it will be our aim to afford our readers the earliest and most reliable information and to favor only such measures and policy as will best protect the rights and promote the welfare of all the people.

HOME INTERESTS,

as affected by the development of the resources of Maine, will receive special attention, and whatever is calculated to stimulate or benefit

AGRICULTURE AND MANUFACTURES

in the State will be heartily encouraged. We rigidly exclude from our columns everything of an immoral tendency, avoid sensational matter and seek to make a thoroughly reliable paper which will be welcome

A Welcome in Every Family Circle.

To advertisers our columns open one of the best fields in New England, our circulation being the largest of any paper in the section, among the best classes of the people, and as

The Only Morning Daily East of the Kennebec,

our Daily issue affords the principal medium of communication with a large and constantly increasing number of readers throughout Central and Eastern Maine.

OUR WEEKLY

is also the largest and best Weekly Newspaper in the State. Every number accompanied by a twelve page supplement, making a paper of forty-eight columns, or one-third larger than any other Weekly. ... a standard publication, with large and constantly increasing circulation among the most intelligent and thrifty of the population of Eastern Maine, ...

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE FOR 1878.

POSTAGE FREE.

CLUBBING WITH MAGAZINES.

Bangor Post Office.

OFFICERS.

A. B. FARNHAM, Postmaster
E. A. CUMMINGS, Ass't Postmaster
W. H. LAWRENCE, Cashier

OFFICE HOURS.

From 7½ A. M. to 8 P. M.; and from 7½ to 8 P. M. daily, Sundays excepted. On Sundays, from 8½ to 9½ A. M.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

MAILS CLOSE.

	A. M.	P. M.
Western,		
European Railway,		
Piscataquis Railroad,		
Cherryfield and Machias,		
Ellsworth,		
Belfast,		
Bucksport,		
Dixmont,		
E. Corinth and Charleston,		
Levant and Exeter,		
Bradford,		
Monroe,		
Amherst and Aurora,		

MAILS ARRIVE.

	A. M.	P. M.
Western,		
European Railway,		
Piscataquis Railroad,		
Ellsworth,		
Cherryfield & Machias,		
Belfast,		
Bucksport,	8 30	3 15
Dixmont,		6 00
E. Corinth & Charleston,	11 00	
Levant and Exeter,	11 00	
Bradford,	10 30	
Monroe,	10 00	
Amherst & Aurora,	11 30	

LETTER CARRIERS.

All letters are delivered free by carriers when addressed to street and number. People should inform their correspondents of above and have their letters addressed accordingly.

Persons leaving their address at the General Delivery can also have their letters sent, but it is much more convenient to have the street and number on, and they will be delivered earlier than if the same is put on at the office. Carriers make two deliveries daily, the first trip supplying the extremes of their routes.

Collections are made morning and evening in season for important mails—the down town boxes fifteen and the up town boxes thirty minutes before closing mails at the office.

Holidays the Carrier's Window will be open for the delivery of letters from 8½ to 9½ A. M., and from 7½ to 8 P. M. Sundays from 8½ to 9½ A. M.

Any irregularities in the Carriers' department should be reported to the office.

ENVELOPES.

No additional charge will be made for printing the name and request to return, across the left hand upper corner of the envelopes furnished by the Post Office Department (samples of which may be seen at the Cashier's window,) when ordered in lots of not less than 500.

A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if uncalled for within thirty days, or less, written or printed, with the writer's name, post-office and State, across the left end of the envelope, on the face side, will be complied with.

The public are earnestly recommended to procure Stamped envelopes with printed return request, as the expense is less, and letters thus endorsed, if not delivered to the person addressed, are returned to the writer free of charge.

First class envelopes of above furnished at $22.80 per thousand.

Stamps cut from Stamped Envelopes cannot be used to prepay postage. The use of such Stamps is punishable by a fine of fifty dollars.

Stamped Envelopes, spoiled in directing, are redeemed at this office.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE.

FIRST CLASS.

All Letters must be Pre-paid.—Letters for the Mails in the United States, three cents the half ounce or single rate. City letters, two cents half ounce or single rate.

SECOND CLASS.

Newspapers.

All regular newspapers must be prepaid at the office of publication, at the rate of two cents per pound for each issue on weekly papers or those published oftener than once a week; less frequently than once a week, three cents. The same law applies to dealers.

County papers free, except to letter carrier offices, i.e., papers coming to this office, if published in County, are subject to postage. Daily papers published in County, if delivered by carrier, one cent each, to be prepaid by stamps.

Postage to Canada.—Same as in the States on letters and papers, pre-payment compulsory; merchandise limited to 8 oz., postage 10 cents.

THIRD CLASS.

TRANSIENT PRINTED MATTER AND BOOKS AND MERCHANDISE.

One Cent for Two Ounces.

Almanacs, books (printed), calendars, catalogues, corrected proofs, hand bills, magazines, maps—lith. graphed or engraved—music, printed sheets, newspapers, occasional publications, pamphlets, posters, proof sheets, prospectuses.

One cent for each ounce.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Railroads & Steamboats.

Bangor, Boston, Lowell and New York.

Spring Arrangement.

THREE TRIPS PER WEEK.

... until further notice the Steamers CAMBRIDGE, Capt. J. P. Johnson, and KATAHDIN, Capt. W. R. Roix, will leave Bangor for Boston alternately every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 11 A. M., touching at the usual landings on the river and bay. Will leave Boston for Bangor alternately every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, ... Tickets to New York and Lowell sold on each steamer and baggage checked through.

JAS. LITTLEFIELD, Agent.

April 8, 1878.

LIMITED TICKETS FOR BOSTON.

Good for a Continuous Journey without stopping off at intermediate points, are now for sale at Bangor at the OLD RATE OF FARE and are good via either the Eastern or Boston and Maine Railroad from Portland.

F. E. BOOTHBY, Gen'l Ticket Agent.
PAYSON TUCKER, Superintendent.
Portland, April 10, 1878.

PORTLAND, BANGOR AND MACHIAS STEAMBOAT CO.

Change of Time for Bangor Mt. Desert and Machias.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

(Commencing April 9th, and until further notice,) the STEAMER LEWISTON, Capt. Chas. Deering, will leave Railroad Wharf, Portland, every TUESDAY EVENING at 10 o'clock, for Rockland, Camden, Lincolnville, Belfast, Searsport, Sandy Point, Bucksport, Winterport, Hampden and Bangor.

Returning leaves Bangor every THURSDAY MORNING, at 6 o'clock, touching as above, arriving in Portland about 5 P. M.

Will also leave Portland for Machiasport every FRIDAY EVENING, at 10 o'clock, touching at Rockland, Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, So. West Harbor, Bar Harbor, (Mt. Desert,) Millbridge, and Jonesport.

Returning, leave Machiasport every MONDAY MORNING at 4 30, touching as above, arriving in Portland same evening, usually connecting with the Pullman Night Train and early morning trains for Boston and the West.

The STEAMER "CITY OF RICHMOND," will be repainted and placed on the Bangor Route about the first of May, making three trips per week, as usual.

For further particulars inquire of
A. HENDRICK, Agent, Bangor.

The Popular Line to the West.

THREE ROUTES to Chicago, viz:

Via Montreal, Via Boston and Albany, Via Boston and Central Vermont.

Rates lower than ever. Passengers have choice of lines from Chicago. Parties of 20 or more can get special rates by calling on any of the Grand Trunk Agents.

Agents in Bangor, P. M. BLAKE, No. 9 Central Street, A. W. BENSON, Maine Central Depot.

FRED. H. SMALL,

Agent Maine and Provinces,

Corner Main and Union Streets, Bangor Maine

Maine Central Railroad.

CHANGE OF TIME

Commencing Dec. 3, 1877.

Morning Passenger train leaves ... A. M., ... connecting with Grand Trunk at Danville, ... Knox & Lincoln at Bath, with Portland & ... at Westbrook, with Boston & Maine ... Junction, and with Eastern R. R. at Portland, arriving in Boston at 6 00 P. M.

Night train with Pullman Sleeping Car leaves Bangor at 7.35 P. M., ... arriving in Portland at 1 50 A. M., and ... A. M.

Night train from Boston arrives in Bangor 6.20 A. M.

Day train arrives in Bangor at ... P. M.

A mixed train leaves Bangor for Waterville ... 1.50 P. M. daily, connecting at Newport for Dexter and at Burnham for Belfast.

Through freight trains leave Bangor at ... Through Freight trains from Portland ... due in Bangor at ... 40 A. M.

PAYSON TUCKER, ...

Dec. 1, 1877.

European & No. American Railway.

Hannibal Hamlin & Wm. B. Hayford, Trustees.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,

On and after MONDAY, Nov. 26th

Express train leaves Bangor ... for St. John at 7.00 A. M.

Trains leave Bangor for Blanchard (B. & P. R.) at 7.30 A. M. and 2 10 P. M.

Bangor for Bucksport, ... A. M. and ...

Bangor for Oldtown, ...

Oldtown for Bangor 7 35 and ... A. M., 2.05 and 5.30 P. M.

Bangor for Mattawamkeag, at 7 30 A. M. and 2.00 P. M.

Mattawamkeag for Bangor, 7 10 A. M. and ... P. M.

Trains from St. John due at Bangor ... from Mattawamkeag 1 25 P. M., from ... 9.30 A. M., 2.00 P. M., from Bucksport ... and 3 00 P. M., from B. & P. R. R. ... 0.20 P. M.

Through freight leaves Bangor at ... is due at Bangor at 5. 5 P. M.

Express trains connect at ... with trains of ... Railway, and at ... Junction with trains to and from ...

... W. CRAM, ...

Bangor, Nov. 23, 1877.

PORTLAND & WORCESTER LINE.

8.40 A. M. train from Bangor via Maine Central R. R. makes close and direct connection at WESTBROOK JUNCTION with PORTLAND AND WORCESTER LINE for NASHUA, AYER JUNCTION and CHICAGO via HOOSAC TUNNEL LINE; also for WORCESTER and NEW YORK via SOUND LINE STEAMERS and by RAIL.

12 Hours saved by this line for Chicago, and no transfers at any point.

This is the only route making Sound Line connections.

H. N. TURNER,

Freight and Passenger Agent, Worcester, Mass.

Nov. 2, 1877.

BANGOR & PISCATAQUIS RAILROAD.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.

RE-OPENING OF THE POPULAR ... TO NEW YORK, VIA PROVIDENCE

Opens April 29th, For the Season of 1878.

ONLY 42 MILES OF RAIL.

STEAMER MASSACHUSETTS,

STEAMER RHODE ISLAND,

BOSTON STEAMERS.

JOHN BROOKS AND FOREST CITY

Maine Steamship Company.

SEMI-WEEKLY LINE TO NEW YORK.

[Written for the Whig and Courier.]

MRS. SUSAN QUIMBY MURDOCK.

BY F. A. B.

PARTNERSHIP DISSOLUTION.

TO LET.

THE WASSAUMKEAG HOTEL.

OUR Room Papers, DADOES, BORDERS AND MOULDINGS,

All the Newest Styles and Colorings of the Season,

No. 7 Main St.,

Harper's Magazine.

CATARRH

A PHYSICIAN'S TESTIMONY.

30 Years a Physician. 12 Years a Sufferer. Tried Regular Remedies. Tried Patent Medicines. Permanently cured by

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

SYMPATHETIC DISEASES.

IS SIMPLY WONDERFUL

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER

Harper's Bazar.

State of Maine.

ST. NICHOLAS.

SCRIBNER'S ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE FOR GIRLS AND BOYS.

A NEW OFFER!

PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

Harper's Weekly.

Notice of Assignee of His Appointment.

Notice to Creditors in Bankruptcy.

Kidney Complaints.

Dyspepsia, Nervousness and General Debility.

Dizziness, Liver and Kidney Complaint.

Vegetine

PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, BOSTON, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

Old Newspapers

for sale at this office.